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**AQPLUS: An Adaptive Random Search Method for  
Selecting a Best Set of Attributes from  
a Large Collection of Candidates**

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## SYSTEM AQPLUS

This document describes AQPLUS, an interactive, iterative system for inductive inference. AQPLUS is built around an algorithm based on random search with adaptation, which is due to Lbov. The system is written in Fortran for use on the DEC-10, and uses the inductive program AQFOR, written by Jim Larson, which is a Fortran implementation of the algorithm AQ. The reader is referred to the documentation of AQFOR for information about that segment of the system. Familiarity with the algorithm is assumed.

The algorithm AQPLUS associates with each feature X an information-content value  $U(X)$  in  $[0,1]$ . A certain number of features are chosen from the feature set, using a random selection process in which the relative probability of feature X being chosen is equal to  $U(X)$ . AQFOR is then run on the chosen features, and the information-content values for the chosen features are modified according to the results of the AQFOR run.

It should be noted that when the number of description features is reduced that it is possible to have two events from different classes having the same description. In this case it is said that the representation of the events is non-disjoint. If this occurs, the user is notified.

If the number of features that we are working with is DIMTOT, and if NDIM is the number of features used by AQFOR, the modification of the various features should depend on the relative values of DIMTOT and NDIM, and on the value of C, which is a real number between zero and one which is a measure of the 'goodness' of the formula produced by AQFOR.

In general, the better the rule (the greater the C), the greater should be the increase of the U(X) for those X used in the rule, and the less should be the decrease of the U(X) for those X (among the chosen features) which are not used in the rules.

Also, as NDIM  $\rightarrow$  DIMITOT, the more extreme should be the modification of the information-content values.

To satisfy the above conditions, the following function can be used to modify the U(X) corresponding to those X's among the chosen features:

For X used in the rule:

$$U(X) \leftarrow U(X) + (1-U(X)) \frac{C \times NDIM}{DIMITOT}$$

For X not used in the rule:

$$U(X) \leftarrow U(X) \times C \frac{DIMITOT-NDIM}{DIMITOT}$$

In addition to the code for the algorithm itself, supporting routines have been written which allow the user to examine the progress of AQ.For, and alter various parameters. These routines are described below:

Routine AQPARM: Allows the user to alter the parameters used by AQ.For. The entry format is 'parmname:value\*'. The parameters are:

- DIMITOT ( $\leq 200$ ) = The total number of features known to the system.
- NCT = The total number of events in file in file 'DATA.TOT'.
- NDIM ( $\leq$  DIMITOT) = The number of features to be submitted to AQUAL.
- C1 = The number of the class to be covered.
- IB = The number of the first event in C1.

NC1 = The number of events in C1.

NUSEL ( $\leq$ NC1) = The number of events in C1 to be used by AQ.FOR.

RAND = If 1, then the events from C1 to be used by AQ.FOR will be chosen randomly. If 0, then not.

NC2 = The number of events not in C1 to be used by AQ.FOR.

MAXSTR = The maximum number of complexes in an intermediate star.

NOSEC = IF 1, uses the number of events in C1 covered as an additional criterion for complex selection. If 0, then not.

Routine FORCE: Allows the user to select features to be used by AQVAL. He may choose as many NDIM features. If he chooses less than NDIM features, the remainder will be chosen randomly by the subroutine 'SELECT'. Feature I is 'forced' if FORC(I) = 1, otherwise FORC(I) = 0.

Routine MODIFY: Allows the user to view or modify the information content values of the features. In alter/display mode, a feature number is entered, and the usefulness value is displayed. The user can then either enter a new value, or hit return to select another feature. Hitting return when a feature number is requested displays the usefulness value of the next feature. Altering or displaying feature number 0 alters or displays (respectively) the values for all features.

Routine CREATE: Allows the user to create new features from combinations of existing features. (Not yet implemented.)

Other features used by the system:

Routine GETINT: Accepts and checks numeric data from the user. The resulting Packed-Ascii data is available in array M. If M(1) = 'E', then the value accepted was non-numeric.

Routine Select (N): Chooses N features 'randomly', weighted by the usefulness values of the features. These choices, along with the forced features are put in NSEL (1) through NSEL (NDIM).

Routine PROJEC: Creates the file 'JIM.DAT' by projecting the events from 'DATA.TOT' onto the selected features.

Routine USEFUL: Alters the usefulness values of the features used in the last run or AQ.FOR. Calculations made:

$$\text{QUOT} = (\# \text{ of events in C1 classified correctly} - \# \text{ of events classified incorrectly}) / \text{NC1. Then } C = \sqrt{\text{prev}/C} .$$

The routine also stores the formula in the array PUT:  
Put (\*, last) contains the best formula so far in the  
form:

```
Put(1,last)= cost
Put (2, last)= class
Put (3, last)= -1
```

Then groups of three elements correspond to selectors,  
with feature number, lower bound, and upper bound.  
Terms are separated by -1, and -2 designat. the end  
of the formula. The resulting formula, along with old  
and new information content values are computed using the  
formulas listed in the description of the algorithm.

Routine PRBEST: Prints the best formula found so far from Put (\*, last).

Most of the data areas in the common area are only used by AQ.FOR  
and its supporting routines, and are explained in the AQ.FOR documentation.

Others are:

U(I) = Contains the current value of feature I

FORC(I) = 1 if the user has selected feature I, 0 otherwise.

NFORC = The number of features selected by the user.

PUT (\*,last)= Contains the best formula found so far, in the format  
described in the write-up of the subroutine 'USEFUL'.

NSEL = Is used in selecting the features to be used by AQ.FOR.

PREVC1 = Contains the last value of C1.

PREVC = Contains the best value of C found so far.

DISJNT = Is a flag which is set to 0 by AQ.FOR if the event representation  
is found to be non-disjoint.

SUGGESTIONS MADE BY PROFESSOR MICHALSKI:

1. List features along with information content values.
2. Print event sets .
3. Choice for cost, usefulness formulas.
4. Temporary storage of usefulness values so other usefulness values may be used.
5. Choice of constant or random selection of events in C2.

## 1k Introduction

This paper describes a sequence of special purpose programs which generate  $VL_1$  formulas using algorithm AQ <sup>and test</sup> ~~and test~~ their performance against a set of testing events with emphasis on a large event space, and <sup>on</sup> economical generation of covers for many classes using unquantized real valued variables.. The algorithm itself is implemented in Fortran on the DEC - 10 computer and contains the potential for user interaction with the program. The formulas generated by this program can be sent to a PL/1 program on the IBM 360/75 to be printed in a readable <sup>table</sup> format and tested against a set of testing events; <sup>also</sup> a confusion matrix can be generated <sup>using different evaluation schemes</sup>.

It is assumed that the reader has a basic knowledge of the algorithm AQ and the <sup>concept of</sup> ~~WV~~ system  $VL_1$ . Although these concepts are not explained here, the modification and simplifications which are made to the algorithm are described in detail.

The Fortran program AQ.FOR contains approximately 450 Fortran statements, and occupies between 40 and 60 pages of DEC - 10 memory when executing (each page contains 1000 [octal] 36 bit words). This is equivalent to 100K - 150K bytes on the 360/75. The two PL/1 programs require between 100 and 180K bytes of storage to run on the 360/75 and consist of about 100 to 200 PL/1 statements each.

Section 2 of this paper describes the algorithm simplification used in the Fortran program. Sections 3 and 4 contain descriptions of the use of the program <sup>AQ.FOR</sup> and the program structure. Section 5 describes the PL/1 testing program TCPXIS and its use. Section 6 describes the confusion matrix program PBLOG. The three program listings are given in appendices A, B, and C.

## 2. Algorithm Description and Simplifications

The program AQ..FOR is an implementation of the algorithm AQ with emphasis on handling <sup>costly</sup> a large event space with real valued variables economically. The program contains some restrictions on the basic algorithm in that only interval variables are accepted and only 3 cost functions are currently implemented with a tolerance of 0. Also, all variable values must be integers between 1 and 9999. Only a general star size is maintained instead of the maxstar-cutstar procedure which is available in other programs. Initial comparisons with the program AQVAL-v.7 (AQ7), however, indicate a 5 fold reduction in time and a 10 fold reduction in cost.

The basic algorithm AQ is unchanged. <sup>from that described in paper</sup> The sets  $F^i$  ~~xxx~~ to be covered are selected in IC mode only. For each set, the algorithm maintains two sets of events, those events which have not been covered by any previous star (the set  $E_p$ ), and those events which have not been covered by a previous  $L_q$  or output complex (the set  $E_1$ ). Events from the set  $E_p$  are selected in turn and stars <sup>are</sup> generated against a random sampling of events from other events sets. The number of these events is controlled by ~~the~~ an input parameter <sup>(NCS)</sup>. A new ~~xxx~~ intermediate star is generated only if the randomly selected event is contained in the current intermediate star. The number of complexes in each intermediate star ~~is~~ maintained at a constant number of complexes (MAXSTR). If the number of complexes exceeds MAXSTR, then the best MAXSTR complexes are chosen with respect to the following 3 criteria:

Criterion #	Description
1	largest number of new events covered by the complex of the set $F^i$ not covered by any previous output complexes
2	fewest number of literals in the complex
3	(optional) - the largest number of events from the original event set $F^i$ which are covered by the complex

This selection process is designed for a MAXSTR value of 1 to increase efficiency. If an event from  $F^i$  is identical to an event from another event set, the program halts and prints a message indicating <sup>these</sup> two events which were identical and that an intermediate star was 'wiped out'.

In addition, unspecified values for some variables may be handled by assuming that the value for the variable is the entire range of values for that variable (i.e. the program ignores unspecified variable values in star formation). These variables are coded as the value 0 in the event set data.

### 3. How to Use the Program AQ.FOR

This section describes the input sequence and recommends optimal parameters to attain the best  $V_{ij}$  formulas economically. To execute the program, some preprocessing of the event data is necessary to create the proper binary mode input. The program reads the events from a binary mode random access file called DATA.JEM. This file contains the entire event set where each event is preceded by the

number of the set  $F^i$  to which it belongs. For example, with 50 variables and 1200 events, this is a 1200 X 51 matrix of values. The program REFORM. will accept input for AQVAL - v7 and create the proper input for AQ.FOR as well as accept formatted data (which is more economical to store).

In addition, a file FSIZE<sup>which</sup> contains the size of each event set (except the first) is necessary. Each successive line of this file should contain the size of the next event set. (numbered 2, 3, etc. ).

The output appears on the terminal in readable form and also in a file FORM.DAT in a format<sup>variable</sup> for subsequent processing by the PL/1 programs.

### 3.1 Input Specification

Reformat the data if it has not been already done by following the steps in table 1. Then, form  $VL_1$  formulas using the steps in table 2. Before proceeding with table 1, copy the events into a file named EVENT.DAT.

### Generate Covers

Step	Terminal Output	User Response Example	Explanation
1	.	RUN AQ	Execute the program which generates covers
2	ENTER NUMBER OF DIMENSIONS	50	Enter the number of variables (or dimensions)
3	HOW MANY EVENTS TOTAL	1942	Enter the total number of events in the entire set F
4	ENTER MAXSTAR AND NOSEC I2	<del>1</del> <del>1</del>	( <del>1</del> means enter blank) Enter the maxstar parameter in I2 format and then enter 0 if the third criterion (total events of the events set covered by a complex) is to be used, enter 1 otherwise in I2 format.
5	ENTER CLASS TO BE COVERED I2	1	Enter the first class number which is to be covered (1 unless this is a restart)
6	HOW MANY EVENTS OF C2	200	Enter the number of events which are to be randomly chosen against which covers are to be generated.
7	ENTER BEGINNING AND SIZE OF CLASS I4,I3	<del>1</del> <del>1</del> <del>98</del>	Enter the event number which begins the set specified in step 5 and the number of events in this set. The program now generates covers for the sets specified the file FSIZE generated by the program FEGORU and prints the covers on the terminal.
8	EXIT		Normal program termination. The covers are now in the file FORM.DAT

Reformat Data

Step	Terminal output	User Response Examples	Explanation
1	.	RUN REFORM	Execute the program which reformats the event data
2	ENTER FORMAT	CR or (3I2,1X,4I2)	Enter the Fortran format in parenthesis if the data is formatted in the file EVENT, otherwise, press CR if it is in list format.
3	ENTER # OF VARIABLES AND # OF EVENTS SETS	7 3	Enter the number of variables and the number of event sets or classes
4	HOW MANY EVENTS IN SET 1	21	Enter the number of events in the set requested.
5	HOW MANY EVENTS ARE TO BE COVERED	13	Enter the number of events which are to be randomly selected to be covered. Go to step 4 until all event set sizes have been entered
6	EXIT		The program has completed execution and the file DATA.JIM now contains the internal form of the event data. A file FSIZE contains the number of events to be covered.

Should it be necessary to restart the program, first copy the useable information out of the file FORM.DAT, then build the file FSIZE with the sizes of the sets and which remain to be covered and execute the steps 1 to 7 of table 2.

### 3.2 File Structures

**FSIZE** This is a file containing the size of each event set to be covered (except for the first set which is specified on execution), and the number of events which are actually to be covered. Each line of the file corresponds to one event set. Each line contains one or two numbers in I3 format. The first number indicates how many events of the event set are to actually be covered. The second number is specified only if a subset of the original event set is to actually be covered. In this instance, the second number indicates the total number of events in the events.

Example:        45113        (space)  
                 200  
                 300400

In this example, the second set to be covered contains 113 events but only 45 are to be actually covered by the program. The third set to be covered contains 200 events all of which are to be covered. The fourth set contains 400 events, 300 of which are to be covered (Note - the first set to be covered is specified in step 7 of table 2)

**FORM.DAT** - This file contains the formulas generated by the program AQ.FOR in internal format accepted by the follow-up PL/1 programs. The file consists of a list of formulas, each of which covers one event set (or part of an event set as specified by the file FSIZE). Each such formula is terminated by a -1 in columns 1 and 2. Each such formula is composed of a set of complexes each of which is terminated by a 0. Finally, each complex is a list of literals containing the variable number, the lower bound and the upper bound for the literal. Unrestricted lower and upper bounds are represented as 0 and 10000 respectively.

AQ.FOR FORTRAN source for the program AQ.FOR

AQ.SAV Save module (load module) for the program AQ.FOR

REFORM.FOR Fortran source for the program REFORM

REFORM.SAV Save module for the program REFORM

DATA.JDM Random access file containing a list of events in internal (binary, random access) form. Each event is represented by a list of the variable values and is preceded by the number  $i$  of the events set  $F^i$  to which it belongs.

EVENT.DAT File containing event sets in raw form.

#### 4 Program Structure AQ.FOR

The Fortran program AQ.FOR generates  $VL_i$  covers of event set  $F^i$  against randomly selected events from other sets  $F/F^i$ . The basic files and their structures are described in section 3.2. The program and the data structures within the program are described here.

##### 4.1 Program Data Structures

Event representation -- Events which are to be covered are stored in the array EVENT. Each row represents one event. Each element of a row represents a variable value for that event. The size of this array may be altered to better fit the event set which is to be covered by program modification.

Event set representation -- The sets  $E_i$  and  $E_j$  are represented by the arrays FQ and FP respectively. Each of these arrays contains a pointer to the location in EVENT for each element of the corresponding sets. When an event is removed from one of the sets, the corresponding element of the array is set to 0. An event against which covers are to be formed is stored in an array EVE.

Complex representation -- Each complex is represented by a list of selectors. Each selector contains information about the variable (DIN), the lower and upper bounds (XLB and UB) and a pointer to the next selector (SPTR). Each complex contains information about the weight of the complex (COST) encoded as  $(NDD) * \lfloor \text{new events covered} \rfloor$  -- (the number of selectors), the number of events covered by the complex (SEC) and a pointer

to the next complex in the star (PTR). In addition, for garbage collection, each selector node (shown below) contains a mark bit (MARK).

Example:

Node (3)		Node (15)		Node (20)	
DIM	PTR	DIM	PTR	DIM	PTR
3	20	2	-	25	0
XLB	UB	XLB	UB	XLB	UB
3	6	5	10000	0	10
MARK	SPTR	MARK	SPTR	MARK	SPTR
0	15	1	0	1	0
COST	SEC	COST	SEC	COST	SEC
113	200	-	-	103	120

$VL_1$  formula represented above:

$$(3 \leq X3 \leq 6) \wedge (5 \leq X2) \vee (X25 \leq -10)$$

Star representation -- Each star is represented by a head pointer and a list of complexes in order of decreasing COST and SEC values. Two sub lists are maintained; the list representing the current intermediate star under construction (with head GLIST\*), and the previous intermediate star (with head pointer OLIST). A list of free selector nodes is also maintained with head pointer FREE.

Selector storage maintenance -- Whenever a selector is created, a selector element is obtained from the free list of elements. If this free list should be exhausted, a garbage collection routine is invoked which marks all nodes which are currently in use and stores the remainder in the free list. If more than 90% of the space is actually in use, a message to that effect is printed.

\* GLIST contains a dummy first element for better insertion algorithm.

## 4.2 Program Structure

The program AQ.FOR consists of several routines each of which is briefly described below. Refer to the program listing given in appendix A for further details.

MAIN -- The program AQ.FOR begins with a driving program or main program which selects events which are to be covered based on user input or the data in the file FSIZE. Events are either randomly selected (if only a subset of event set  $F^1$  is to be covered) or sequentially (if the entire event set  $F^1$  is to be covered).

AQ -- This subroutine is the heart of the algorithm. The process proceeds as follows: An event is selected from the set  $E_0$  (FP array) or if this is empty, from the set  $E_1$  (the FQ array). Events are then selected from the event space  $F = \cup F^i$  at random. If an event from the event set which is to be covered is selected, from the set  $F$ , it is discarded and a new event is picked again at random. Now, for each variable a selector is generated, multiplied by the old intermediate star (pointed to by OLIST), and inserted into the <sup>new</sup> intermediate star (see the subroutine INSERT).. *when this intermediate star* variable OLIST is set to point to the current intermediate star and a new event is selected from the event set  $F$  as before. If this event is not contained in the current star, it is included in the total number of events of  $F$  (i.e. the events against which a cover is to be formed) but no elementary star is formed against this event and no multiplication takes place since it would not change the current intermediate star anyway. Once the correct number of events of  $F$  have been used, the complex which is selected as the best of the current star is typed on the terminal and stored in the file FORM.DAT using the subroutine PRT. The arrays FQ and FP are updated and a new event is selected from FP or FQ. When all events of  $E_1$  have been covered, the subroutine returns control to the main program.

PRT(R) -- This subroutine prints the complex which is passed as an argument (R) on the terminal and stores the complex in the file FORM.DAT in the proper format.

CF(R) -- This routine calculates the weight of the complex (R) and returns this value. The weight of a complex is: # of events not previously covered by a complex but covered by this complex times the number of variables in the event space minus the number of selectors in the complex. CF also maintains the total number of events covered if the switch NOSEC is off.

## 5. TCPXLS - Program to list complexes generated by AQ.FOR

This PL/1 program was written as a special purpose program to list the complexes generated by AQ.FOR. The complexes and the original event sets are read into this program, a listing of the complexes in readable form, statistics, confusion matrix and a restricted confusion matrix is printed. The program structure and the algorithms used to compute the statistics and the confusion matrix are given in section 5.1. A description of the input and modifications necessary to handle different problems is given in section 5.2. Section 5.3 gives an example of the output and describes the proper interpretation of the output. Section 5.4 gives a brief description of the data structures within the program. A complete program listing appears in appendix B.

5.1 The input to the algorithm implemented in this program TCPXLS includes a set of complexes generated by the program AQ.FOR, the set of training events (or learning events) used to create these complexes and a set of testing events. For each complex, covering part of the event set  $F^1$ , a trimmed complex TC is created which has the following properties:

- i the trimmed complex contains the same events of  $F^1$  as the original complex C
- ii the range of each of the selectors of C is reduced as much as possible.

The statistics about the complexes are determined as follows:

COV -- the number of events of the set  $F^i$  covered by the complex (i.e. the events associated with the current decision class)

NEW -- the number of events of the set  $F^i$  not covered by any previous complex but covered by this complex  $C_j$ ,

IND -- the number of events of the set  $F^i$  not covered by any other complex but covered by the complex  $C_j$ ,

TOT -- the number of events of  $F^i$  covered by the complex and all previous complexes,

Following these calculations, the complexes are printed in a readable form, <sup>and finally</sup> the confusion matrix is formed. Approximately the same procedure described in the CONFUS manual is used with the following modifications:

- i The definition of the degree of fit of a selector to a variable value (DS) is changed to be following:

$$DS = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if the value is satisfied by the selector} \\ & \text{of the trimmed complex} \\ .5 & \text{if the value is satisfied only by the} \\ & \text{selectors of the original complex} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- ii The unspecified values are simply ignored in the calculation of DT (degree of fit of an event to a term).

## 5.2 Input Specification

- i Formula input - This is the file FORM.DAT created by AQ.FOR,
- ii a data file LEARN which contains first a list of the number events in each event set followed by the actual events in a fixed format defined in the program.
- iii a data file TEST which contains first a list of the number of events in each test set followed by the actual events in a fixed format.

Unspecified values are coded as 0. The format part of the EDIT statements must be modified to accept different format events. Different numbers of event sets and the maximum number of events must also involve program modification

COPY(S1,D) -- This routine allocates a new selector node (D) and copies the information from selector S1 into D.

ALLOC(F) -- This routine allocates a new selector node from the list of free selector nodes. If this list is empty, the garbage collection procedure is invoked. Each node is marked with a 0. Then, each intermediate star and temporary selector is marked with a 1. All nodes marked 0 are collected into the free list. If this list contains less than 10% of the total number of nodes, a message is printed, otherwise, requested selector node is returned in the parameter F.

COVER(R,S) -- This function determines whether complex R covers complex S. If it does, then COVER returns a 1, otherwise it returns a 0.

CONT(E,LIST,FLAG) -- The function CONT decides if the event E is contained in the complex LIST (if FLAG is 1) or in the star LIST (if FLAG is 0). If E is zero, the event to test is assumed to be stored in the array EVE, otherwise, it is in EVENT. CONT returns a 1 if the event E is stored in the list LIST, otherwise, CONT returns 0.

INSERT -- This subroutine inserts the complex Q into the intermediate star LIST in the proper place and then trims the star to MAXSTR elements. The new complex is first compared against each element of the current intermediate star. In such a comparison, if one complex has more weight (COST) than the other, the routine COVER is invoked to determine if one complex covers the other. If it does, the second complex is eliminated from further consideration. The star list is kept in order of decreasing weight so that the first complex in the list is always the best.

XMIN, XMAX -- These routines find the min and max of two elements.

QLQT(I) -- This function selects the best complex from the list I. Currently, the best complex is always the first on the list.

*Set: 1000000, 4th Mill, 1000000*

THE FOLLOWING 3 COMPLEXES COVER SET 1

COV NEW INJ TGT

COMPLEX: ( 31<=X 1<= 74) (X18<= 29) (X19<= 192, 331) (X22<= 57, 108) ( 541, 556<=X23<= 863, 889) 37 37 10 37  
 ( 191, 220<=X25) (X27<= 1, 2) (X30<= 1) (X32<= 2) (X33<= 1, 2)  
 (X34<= 1, 2) (X39<= 2) (X42<= 1) (X48<= 1) (X50<= 1)

COMPLEX: ( 2, 18<=X 1<= 76, 78) (X14<= 100) (X15<= 6) (X16<= 1) (X17<= 1)  
 (X18<= 41, 107) ( 33, 36<=X19<= 332, 399) (X23<= 863, 889) (X27<= 1)  
 (X31<= 1) (X32<= 1) (X33<= 1, 2) (X39<= 2) (X41<= 1, 2)  
 (X43<= 2)

COMPLEX: ( 18<=X 1<= 64) (X10<= 1) (X11<= 1) (X12<= 1) (X15<= 4) ( 7<=X18)  
 (X19<= 200, 331) (X21<= 37, 39) ( 9, 10<=X22<= 41, 509) (X23<= 844, 863)  
 ( 251, 260<=X25) (X27<= 1, 2) (X30<= 1) (X39<= 2) (X43<= 2)  
 (X47<= 1)

THE FOLLOWING 11 COMPLEXES COVER SET 2

COV NEW INJ TGT

COMPLEX: ( 28<=X 1<= 71, 74) ( 2<=X 3) (X14<= 103) (X17<= 1) ( 15<=X18)  
 (X19<= 1570, 1709) ( 12, 14<=X21<= 96) ( 471, 480<=X23<= 960, 997)  
 (X24<= 420, 449) ( 201, 210<=X25) ( 2<=X35) (X41<= 2) (X45<= 2)  
 ( 2<=X48<= 2) (X50<= 2)

COMPLEX: ( 24, 26<=X 1<= 65) ( 2<=X 3) ( 13, 15<=X18) ( 49, 52<=X19<=5450,5779)  
 ( 20, 27<=X22) (X23<= 852, 869) (X24<= 341, 349) ( 251<=X25<= 645, 838)  
 ( 2<=X35) ( 2<=X48<= 2)

COMPLEX: ( 34, 35<=X 1<= 72) (X14<= 103, 104) ( 3<=X15) (X17<= 1) ( 37, 38<=X19)  
 ( 3<=X20) ( 19<=X21<= 105, 107) ( 27<=X22<= 112, 114) (X23<= 874, 879)  
 ( 171, 220<=X25) (X28<= 2) ( 2<=X33) ( 2<=X35) (X42<= 2) (X44<= 2)  
 ( 2<=X48)

COMPLEX: ( 21, 26<=X 1<= 66) ( 2<=X 3) ( 101, 106<=X19<=2164,2249) ( 78, 107<=X24<= 380, 419)  
 ( 251, 266<=X25) (X32<= 2) ( 2<=X33) (X34<= 1) ( 2<=X35) (X40<= 1)  
 (X41<= 2) (X50<= 2, 3)

COMPLEX: ( 27<=X 1<= 71) (X 5<= 1) (X15<= 8) ( 9<=X18<= 255, 335) ( 25, 32<=X19<= 520, 181)  
 (X20<= 4) ( 19, 20<=X21<= 97, 113) ( 26<=X22<= 292, 499) ( 201, 210<=X25<= 483, 489)  
 (X28<= 1, 2) (X31<= 2) (X32<= 2) (X40<= 1) (X41<= 2) (X48<= 2)  
 (X49<= 2)

### 5.3 Output Description

The output of the program consists of a list of complexes and statistics. Each complex and its associated trimmed complex is printed along with the generated statistics as described above.

The format of each selector is as follows:

$$([a, b] \leftarrow) \times v [K = [c, d]] \text{ or } (a, b \leftarrow \times v \leftarrow c, d)$$

- v is the variable number
- a is the lower bound of the generalized (or original) complex if it exists
- b is the lower bound of the trimmed complex (b is only printed if it is different from a and a was printed)
- c is the upper bound of the trimmed complex (c is only printed if it differs from the generalized upper bound d and d was printed)
- d the upper bound of the generalized complex (only printed if it exists).

(The brackets in the formula above indicate that the information inside may be omitted)

The confusion matrix is printed following the complexes. All decisions with decision value within .05 of the highest decision value are printed. Each decision value is calculated as described in CONFUS with the modifications described in section 5.1. A sample output from the program is given on the next few pages.

### 5.4 Data Structures

The complexes and trimmed complexes are stored in the following 6 arrays:

VAR -- contains the number of the variable associated with the complex

LB,UB -- contain the lower and upper bounds for each selector of the generalized complex

TLB,TUB -- contain the lower and upper bounds for each selector of the trimmed complex

SPTR -- contains a pointer to the next complex

CPTR -- is an array which contains  $x$  pointers to the complexes stored in the above structure. Each element of row  $i$  of CPTR points to a complex which covers a part of the event set  $F^1$

NUMCOV, TOTCOV, IND, NEWCOV -- are arrays which accumulate statistics for corresponding complexes of CPTR

BCOV -- is a binary array which contains a '1' in row  $i$  and column  $j$  if the event  $j$  was covered by the  $i^{\text{th}}$  complex.

## 5.5 Program Structure

The first set of statements read the generalized complexes into the proper arrays and initialize the array CPTR. Next, the trimmed complexes are calculated and the appropriate statistics generated. After all statistics have been generated for one decision class, the complexes and statistics are printed. After all trimmed complexes have been formed and the complexes printed, the confusion matrix for each event set is printed using the calculations described in section 5.1.

The procedure XMATCH forms an array CSAT which contains the decision values for each complex. The best complex is selected from this array and returned to the confusion matrix section of the program. A complete listing of the program appears in appendix B.

( 2<=X35) (X42<= 1) (X43<= 2) (X47<= 1) ( 2<=X48<= 2) (X50<= 2, 3)

COMPLFX: ( 7, 9<=X 1<= 84, 85) (X 3<= 1) (X14<= 103) (X15<= 5) (X17<= 1) 26 17 4 57  
(X18<= 96, 997) ( 57, 58<=X19<=1710,2249) ( 4<=X20) ( 24<=X21<= 168, 195)  
( 12, 16<=X22) ( 157, 160<=X24<= 380, 389) (X25<= 516, 519) (X32<= 2)  
(X39<= 2) (X43<= 2) ( 2<=X44)

COMPLFX: (X 1<= 76, 78) (X15<= 7) ( 20<=X18<= 418, 449) ( 17, 19<=X21<= 216, 449) 31 11 0 68  
( 12, 17<=X22) (X23<= 880, 899) ( 191, 194<=X24<= 360, 379) ( 283, 299<=X25)  
( 2<=X26) (X30<= 2) (X40<= 1) (X43<= 2) (X45<= 2) (X47<= 1)  
( 2<=X48<= 2)

COMPLFX: ( 2, 9<=X 1) (X14<= 100) ( 2<=X15<= 5) ( 10<=X18<= 836, 997) 26 3 1 71  
( 63, 76<=X19<=1484,1539) ( 2<=X20) ( 21, 24<=X21) ( 14, 16<=X22<= 600, 619)  
( 109, 150<=X24<= 390, 410) (X25<= 516, 525) (X28<= 1) ( 2<=X35)  
(X41<= 2) (X42<= 1) (X43<= 2) ( 2<=X48)

COMPLFX: ( 2, 6<=X 1) (X14<= 103, 104) (X18<= 200, 249) ( 9, 14<=X21) 45 7 5 78  
( 151, 164<=X24<= 330, 339) ( 181, 190<=X25) (X29<= 1) (X34<= 1)  
( 2<=X38) (X43<= 2) ( 2<=X48<= 2) (X49<= 2)

COMPLFX: ( 7, 18<=X 1<= 52, 54) (X15<= 5) ( 25, 56<=X19) (X21<= 114, 166) 14 4 4 82  
(X23<= 790, 809) (X28<= 1, 2) (X34<= 1, 2) ( 2<=X35<= 2)  
(X36<= 2) (X42<= 1) ( 2<=X48<= 2)

COMPLFX: (X 1<= 69) (X15<= 7) ( 10, 11<=X18) ( 10, 14<=X21<= 147, 159) 33 1 1 83  
( 341, 345<=X25<= 530, 545) ( 2<=X26) (X37<= 2) (X42<= 2) (X43<= 2)  
(X45<= 2) (X47<= 1) ( 2<=X48<= 2)

THE FOLLOWING 3 COMPLEXES COVER SET 5

COMPLFX: ( 40, 41<=X 1<= 77, 78) (X14<= 101, 102) (X17<= 1) ( 22, 29<=X18<= 212, 215) 10 10 3 10  
( 49, 104<=X19) ( 2<=X20) (X21<= 107, 114) ( 21, 27<=X22<= 82, 85)  
(X32<= 2) ( 2<=X35) (X40<= 1) (X43<= 2) (X44<= 2) (X46<= 1)  
(X47<= 1)

COMPLFX: ( 74, 27<=X 1<= 69, 70) (X12<= 1) (X14<= 100, 101) (X15<= 4) 9 5 4 15  
(X17<= 1) (X18<= 184, 483) ( 53, 60<=X19) ( 2<=X20) ( 12, 18<=X21)  
( 14, 17<=X22<= 82) ( 108, 133<=X24<= 380, 415) ( 2<=X35) (X42<= 2)  
(X43<= 2) (X48<= 2) (X50<= 1, 3)

COMPLFX: ( 51, 57<=X 1<= 74, 78) ( 91, 104<=X19<= 338, 375) ( 13, 14<=X21<= 57, 77) 7 1 1 16  
( 27, 28<=X22<= 82, 111) ( 2<=X35) (X43<= 2) (X45<= 2)

COV NEW INU TOT

COMPLFX: ( 2<=X 3) (X15<= 8) ( 13<=X18<= 410, 435) (X21<= 116, 161) (X22<= 144, 146)  
( 251, 260<=X25<= 605, 838) (X34<= 2) ( 2<=X35) ( X41<= 2)  
(X42<= 2) (X45<= 2) (X48<= 2)

COMPLFX: ( 22, 26<=X 1<= 58) ( 2<=X 3) (X14<= 103) ( 3, 8<=X18) ( 65, 70<=X19)  
( 12, 14<=X21) ( 25<=X22) ( 134, 140<=X24) ( 231, 240<=X25) ( 2<=X26)  
( 2<=X35) (X41<= 1) (X42<= 2)

COMPLFX: ( 44<=X 1<= 50) ( 2<=X 3) (X14<= 102) ( 59, 69<=X19<= 940, 1039)  
( 191, 200<=X25<= 400, 409)

COMPLFX: ( 60<=X 1<= 66) ( 15<=X21<= 131, 159) (X22<= 176, 183) ( 15, 230<=X23)  
( 301, 310<=X25) ( 2<=X35) (X36<= 2) (X44<= 2) ( 2<=X48<= 2)

COMPLFX: ( 2, 18<=X 1<= 28, 29) ( 23<=X21<= 28)

COMPLFX: ( 31, 32<=X 1<= 73, 77) ( 81, 82<=X19<= 292, 299) ( 27, 29<=X21<= 52, 56)  
( 60<=X22<= 413, 564)

THE FOLLOWING 4 COMPLEXES COVER SET 3

COMPLFX: (X 1<= 67, 65) (X11<= 1) ( 3<=X15) (X17<= 1) ( 13, 14<=X18)  
( 75, 80<=X19<=2140, 5779) ( 7, 16<=X21) ( 7, 18<=X22<= 478, 599)  
( 521, 540<=X23) ( 161, 210<=X24) ( 291, 260<=X25) (X26<= 2) (X32<= 2)  
(X35<= 2) (X36<= 2) (X42<= 2) (X45<= 2) ( 2<=X48) ( 2<=X49)

COMPLFX: (X 1<= 68, 71) (X 5<= 1) (X 9<= 1) (X14<= 99) (X15<= 7) ( 11, 12<=X18)  
( 53, 74<=X19) ( 15, 16<=X21) ( 31, 35<=X22<= 478, 699) ( 511, 530<=X23)  
( 210<=X24) (X26<= 2) (X41<= 2) ( 2<=X48)

COMPLFX: ( 2, 3<=X 1<= 68, 73) (X 3<= 1) (X 4<= 1) (X14<= 102, 103)  
( 3<=X15<= 7) ( 8<=X18) ( 9, 10<=X21<= 126, 198) ( 25<=X22<= 135, 338)  
(X23<= 780, 789) (X24<= 360, 415) ( 271, 300<=X25) ( 2<=X36) (X47<= 1)  
( 2<=X48)

COMPLFX: ( 51, 56<=X 1<= 74, 76) ( 19, 26<=X22<= 42, 43) ( 217, 221<=X24<= 225, 267)  
( 2<=X48<= 2)

THE FOLLOWING 7 COMPLEXES COVER SET 4

COMPLFX: (X 1<= 77, 78) (X17<= 1) ( 39, 48<=X19<=1130, 1137) ( 9, 11<=X21)  
(X22<= 360, 424) ( 161, 164<=X24<= 410) ( 2<=X26) (X34<= 1, 2)

19

90 4 4 194

22 2 2 196

25 1 1 197

23 1 1 199

COV NEW IND TOT

21 21 4 21

20 7 5 28

13 3 3 31

2 1 1 32

COV NEW IND TOT

40 40 3 40

## 6 PBLOG - Program Description

This program prints out a confusion matrix based on  $VL_1$  formulas produced by the program AQ.FOR. The decision values on which decisions are based are obtained by selecting the set of complexes which best describe the given event and then calculating the event set  $F^i$  which has the highest probability of being covered by this set of complexes.

More precisely, the probability  $P(\text{event} \in F^i \mid \text{cpx} = j)$  (i.e. the probability that the event covered by complex  $j$  is a member of the set  $F^i$  is calculated). This is printed in a table, each row of which corresponds to a different complex (i.e. the element  $(j,i)$  is  $P(\text{event} \in F^i \mid \text{cpx} = j)$ ).

For each event in the listing set, those complexes  $C_j$  which most closely match the event (DC within .05 of the best match) are selected. The average probability  $\text{avg}_{C_j} P(\text{event} \in F^i \mid \text{cpx} = C_j) = \rho_i'$  taken over all such complexes  $C_j$  is computed. Then the resulting figures are normalized to 1 and the best two such values are printed in the appropriate columns. *(i.e. of two largest values of  $\rho_i'$  are printed)* In addition, statistics are maintained about the number of correct decisions and the total number of decisions made altogether. The input is identical to that for the program TCPXLS as described in the previous section and the restriction about program modification for application to a different problem still apply.

```

000000 IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
000000 COMMON DIR(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),TA
000000 IUPFREQ,TM,SEC(200),MUSEC,NC1
000000 J,F1(350),F2(350),F3(350),FP(J50),EVENT(J50,50),SIZE,MAXSTR,NDIM
000000 I,NSLANH(50),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,NC1,NC2,ILIST,C1,EVE(50),IFL
000000 I,INTEGER DIM(2,2),SPTR,PTR,MARK,FREE,FI,YZ,FQ,FP,SIZE,MSLRSH
000000 I,P,Q,M,S,I,TS,ILIST,GLIST,ULIST,CST,COST,SEC
000000 INTEGER ITEMP(30),THRESH(15,30)
000000 REAL RAN
000000 CALL OFILE(IZ1,'FORM.DAT')
000000 CALL IFILE(IZ2,'FSIZE.')
```

```

000000 DOG=1
000000 UU=0
000010 TYPE 110
000013 110 FORMAT(' ENTER THE NUMBER OF DIMENSIONS IZ1')
000024 TYPE 108
000027 108 FORMAT(' HOW MANY EVENTS TOTAL IN EVENT SET?')
000030 ACCEPT 107,NC1
000044 107 FORMAT(I)
000046 ACCEPT 111,NDIM
000054 111 FORMAT(20I2)
000055 TYPE 112
000060 112 IF (MAXSTR,GT,0)MAXSTR=MAXSTR-1
000063 FORMAT(' ENTER MAXSTR AND MUSEC IZ1')
000073 ACCEPT 111,MAXSTR,MUSEC
000100 TYPE 113
000103 113 FORMAT(' ENTER CLASS TUBE COVERED IZ1')
000113 ACCEPT 111,C1
000117 TYPE 114
000122 114 FORMAT(' HOW MANY EVENTS UP C2')
000131 ACCEPT 109,NC2
000135 CALL DEFPR: FILE(1,NDIM+1,IV,'DATA.JIM','9113','13/2')
000147 TYPE 117
000152 117 FORMAT(' ENTER BEGINNING AND SIZE OF CLASS IZ,IZ1')
000154 ACCEPT 123,IB,NC1,00
000172 123 FORMAT(I47Z15)
000175 109 FORMAT(2I3)
000177 31 DO 1 I=IB,IMRNC1-1
000205 J=1
000206 IF (00,NE,0)J=J+1
000223 HEAD(1,0)CLASS,EVENT(1-1M+1,00),J=1,50)
000247 00 3 I=17RNC1
000251 F1(I)=1
000254 CALL AU
000255 WHILE(21,11)LOG
000261 IF (00,EG,0)IB=IB+NC1
000265 IF (00,NE,0)IB=IB+00
000271 READ(22,10)T=DE=J00)RNT700
000300 C1=00(C1+1,20)
000307 GO TO 31
000310 TYPE 118
000313 118 FORMAT(' GO ON TO NEXT CLASS ?')
000322 ACCEPT 119,A
```



```

000000      SUBROUTINE AM
000000      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
000000      COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),TA
000000      IU,FREE,TU,SEC(200),NOSEC,ACT
000000      I,F1(350),F2(350),F3(350),FP(350),EVENT(350,50),SIZE,MAXSTR,NDIM
000000      I,MSEASH(50),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,OLIST,NC1,NC2,TLIST,C1,EVE(50),IFL
000000      INTEGER DIM,QLD,SPTR,PTR,MARK,FREE,F1,F2,F3,FP,SIZE,NOSEASH
000000      I,P,Q,M,IST,TS,TLIST,GLIST,OLIST,CST,COST,SEC
000000      INTEGER CF,E2,E1,E2P,DELTA,COUNT,TAU
000000      REAL RAK
000000      SIZE=200
000002      DO 60 I=1,SIZE
000004          PTR(I)=I+1
000011      PHASE=1
000013      FREE=1
000015      PTR(SIZE)=0
000017      CALL ALLUC(GLIST)
000021      CALL ALLUC(TLIST)
000023      DO 46 I=1,NC1
000025          FP(I)=F1(I)
000027          FG(I)=F1(I)
000033          DELTA=0
000034          DO 50 I=1,NC1
000035              IF(400+PHASE+FP(I).EQ.400)GO TO 50
000045              IF(400+PHASE+FG(I).EQ.800)GO TO 50
000054              DELTA=DELTA+1
000055              E2P=1
000057              OLIST=0
000060              E1=F1(I)
000062              J=PRM(J)*ACT+1
000073              C
000073              TYPE 1141,J
000073              1141  FORMAT(' NEXT RANDOM EVENT IS ',I4)
000092              READ(10J)IC,EVE
000112              IF(IC.EQ.C1)GO TO 33
000115              18
000115              IDIM=1
000117              C
000117              TYPE 1147,E2P
000117              CALL ALLUC(TS)
000121              19
000121              DIM(TS)=IDIM
000124              XLB(TS)=0.000
000126              UB(TS)=10000
000131              IF(EVE(IDIM)*EVENT(E1,IDIM).EQ.0)GO TO 23
000140              IF(PVENT(E1,IDIM)-EVE(IDIM))/20,21,22
000146              21
000146              IDIM=IDIM+1
000151              IF(IDIM=NDIM)19,19,24
000153              20
000153              UB(TS)=EVE(IDIM)-1
000162              GO TO 23
000163              22
000163              XLB(TS)=EVE(IDIM)+1
000170              23
000170              CALL COPY(TS,T)
000173              Q=OLIST
000175              IF(Q.EQ.0)GO TO 16
000177              11
000177              IF(IABS(DIM(T)-DIM(Q))+IABS(XLB(T)-XLB(Q))+IABS(UB(T)-UB(Q))+SPTR(
000177              10).EQ.0)GO TO 16
000227              Q=PTR(Q)

```

```

000232 IF(0.NE.0)GO TO 11
000234 G=OLIST
000236 10 M=Q
000240 T=Q
000241 CALL COPY(TS,TO)
000244 PGE=0
000245 CALL COPY(K,S)
000250 IF(DI*(TS).EQ.DIM(R))GO TO 13
000255 14 SPIN(S)=T
000260 T=S
000262 R=SPTP(R)
000265 IF(M.RE.V)GO TO 12
000267 IF(FLG.EQ.V)SPIN(TU)=T
000274 IF(FLG.EQ.V)T=TO
000300 CGST(T)=CF(T)
000304 CALL INSERT(T,GLIST)
000307 15 U=PTR(G)
000312 IF(U)IOZT,IO
000314 XLR(S)=MAX(XLR(TS),XLR(H))
000310 FLG=1
000332 UB(S)=MIN(UB(TS),UB(H))
000335 IF(XLR(S)=UB(S))14,14,15
000350 CUSI(1)=CF(T)
000356 CALL INSERT(T,GLIST)
000361 GO TO 21
000364 24 OLIST=PTR(GLIST)
000365 25 PZP=ZP+1
000366 114 PURFAL('DEAT 22 IS',14)
000373 PTR(GLIST)=0
000375 IF(CLIST.EQ.V)GOTO 36
000377 IF(EZP.GT.NC2)GO TO 47
000402 J=NA(U)+CI+1
000413 READ(16)IC,EVE
000423 IF(IC.EQ.C1)GO TO 34
000446 IF(CUR(CO,OLIST,0))25,25,16
000452 47 CPAX=COST(OLIST)
000457 P=OLIST
000441 IF(CUSTIP)+NDIM.GT.C=AAJGO TO 63
000446 PTR(U)=0
000450 GO TO 64
000451 Q=P
000453 P=PTR(P)
000456 IF(P.NE.0)GO TO 65
000460 JJ=OLIST
000462 IF(PTR(OLIST).NE.0)JJ=OLG(OLIST)
000470 CALL PRIC(J)
000472 DU 51 J=1,6C1
000474 IF(PG(J).EQ.07)GO TO 51
000476 IF(CUR(FU(J),JJ,1).NE.1) GO TO 52
000507 55 F0(J)=0
000511 FP(J)=0
000513 GO TO 51
000514 52 IF(FP(J).EQ.0) GO TO 51

```

MARK 1750 SEC 2263 F1 HSLASH 47524 F2 COST 3334 FU 4071  
F4 4627 EVENT 3305

4071 50120

```

000000      SUBROUTINE PNT(P)
000000      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
000000      COMMON DIM(200),XLM(200),UB(200),SPTH(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),TA
000000      U,FREE,TQ,SEC(200),NOSEC,NCT
000000      F1(350),F2(350),FU(350),FP(350),EVENT(350,50),SIZE,MAXSIR,NDIM
000000      HSLASH(50),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,OLIST,NCT,NCZ,TLIST,C1,EVE(50),IYL
000000      INTEGER DIM,SPTH,PTR,MARK,FREE,F1,F2,FU,FP,SIZE,HSLASH
000000      I,P,Q,R,S,T,IS,TLIST,GLIST,OLIST,CST,CUST,SEC
000000      INTEGER A(200)
000000      DATA X/'X'/
000000      K=0
000000      PER
000000      IF(P.EQ.0) RETURN
000000      Q=P
000010      TYPE 101, CUST(P)
000015      J=1
000017      102  FORMAT(I3,2I7)
000022      5    A(I)=X
000025      A(I+1)=DIM(Q)
000031      A(I+2)=XLM(Q)
000035      A(I+3)=UB(Q)
000041      I=I+4
000043      WRITE(21,102)DIM(Q),XLM(Q),UB(Q)
000052      Q=SPTH(Q)
000055      IF(Q.NE.0)GO TO 5
000057      I=I-1
000060      TYPE 100,(A(J),J=1,I)
000071      P=PTR(P)
000074      0    IF(P.NE.0) GO TO 4
000074      101  FORMAT('  RIGHT OF THIS TERM',/10)
000103      100  FORMAT(' ',A1,13,' ',17,' ',17,' ')
000113      WRITE(21,102)K
000117      RETURN
000120      END
    
```

GLOBAL JUMPIES

R 134

COMMON

DIM	/.COMM./+0	XLB	/.COMM./+310	UB	/.COMM./+620	SPTH	/.COMM./+1130	PTR	/.COMM./+1440
MARK	/.COMM./+1750	TAU	/.COMM./+2260	FREE	/.COMM./+2261	TQ	/.COMM./+2262	SEC	/.COMM./+2263
NOSEC	/.COMM./+2573	NCT	/.COMM./+2574	F1	/.COMM./+2575	F2	/.COMM./+3333	FU	/.COMM./+4011
FP	/.COMM./+4627	EVENT	/.COMM./+5365	SIZE	/.COMM./+47521	MAXSIR	/.COMM./+47522	NDIM	/.COMM./+47523
HSLASH	/.COMM./+47524	COST	/.COMM./+47606	T	/.COMM./+50116	TS	/.COMM./+50117	GLIST	/.COMM./+50120
OLIST	/.COMM./+50121	NC1	/.COMM./+50122	NC2	/.COMM./+50123	TLIST	/.COMM./+50124	C1	/.COMM./+50125
EVE	/.COMM./+50126	IF	/.COMM./+50210						

SUBPROGRAMS

INTU. INTI. ALPHU. ALPHI.

```

000517 IF(COBT(FP(J),OLIST,0).EQ.1)FP(J)=0
000518 51 CONTINUE
000519 PIR(JJ)=0
000520 CALL INSEHT(JJ,TLIST)
000521 C TYPE 116
000522 C ACCEPT 117 ,A
000523 C IF(A.EE.'Y')RETURN
000524 116 FORMAT(' CONTINUE?')
000525 117 FORMAT(A1)
000526 50 CONTINUE
000527 PHASE=PHASE+1
000528 IF(PHASE.EQ.2) GO TO 49
000529 C TYPE 102,DELTA
000530 102 FORMAT(' DELTA=',I3)
000531 RETURN
000532 56 TYPE 115,E1,J
000533 115 FORMAT(' OOPS, OLD STAK WIPED OUT ',E1 EVENT =',I4,
000534 ' E2 EVENT=',I4)
000535 STOP
000536 END
    
```

CONSTANTS

V 000000000000 I 000000000001

COMMON

DIM	/.COMM./+0	XLB	/.COMM./+310	UB	/.COMM./+620	SPTH	/.COMM./+1130	PIR	/.COMM./+1440
MARK	/.COMM./+1750	TAU	/.COMM./+2260	FREE	/.COMM./+2261	TO	/.COMM./+2262	SEC	/.COMM./+2263
NUSEC	/.COMM./+2573	NCT	/.COMM./+2574	FI	/.COMM./+2575	F2	/.COMM./+3333	Y0	/.COMM./+5011
FP	/.COMM./+4627	EVENT	/.COMM./+5365	SIZE	/.COMM./+47521	MAXSTK	/.COMM./+47522	NDIM	/.COMM./+47523
HSLASH	/.COMM./+47524	COST	/.COMM./+47606	T	/.COMM./+50110	TS	/.COMM./+50117	GLIST	/.COMM./+50120
OLIST	/.COMM./+50121	NC1	/.COMM./+50122	NC2	/.COMM./+50123	TLIST	/.COMM./+50124	CI	/.COMM./+50125
EVE	/.COMM./+50126	IF	/.COMM./+50210						

SUBPROGRAMS

ALLOC	RAW	INTO.	INTI.	RECO.	MANAC.	BINWR.	COPY	LABS	CP	INSERT	XMAX	XMIN	CUNT	GLU
PRG	ALPHA.	ALPHI.	EXIT											

SCALARS

AG	633	SIZE	47521	I	634	PHASE	635	FREE	2261
GLIST	50120	TLIST	50124	NC1	50122	DELTA	636	E2P	637
OLIST	50121	E1	640	J	641	NCT	2574	IC	642
CI	50125	IDIM	643	TS	50117	NDIM	47523	1	50116
Q	644	K	645	TO	2262	FLG	646	S	647
NC2	50123	CMAX	650	P	651	JJ	652	TAU	2260
NUSEC	2573	MAXSTK	47522	IF	50210				

ARRAYS

DIM	0	XLB	310	UB	620	SPTH	1130	PTH	1440
-----	---	-----	-----	----	-----	------	------	-----	------

APPENDIX A

AQ.FOR Program Listing

SCALARS

PRI	135	X	136	K	137	P	140	M	134
U	141	I	142	J	143	TAU	2260	FREE	2201
TO	2262	NOSEC	2573	NCT	2574	SIZE	47541	MAXSTR	47522
NDIM	47523	I	50110	IS	50117	GLIST	50120	ULIST	50121
NC1	50122	NC2	50123	TLIST	50124	C1	50145	IF	50410

ARRAYS

DIM	U	XL0	310	UB	620	SPTM	1130	PTM	1440
ARRK	1750	SEC	2263	FI	2575	F2	3335	FU	4071
FP	4627	EVENT	5365	HSLASH	47524	CUST	47606	EVE	50126
A	146								

```

000000 INTELGR FUNCTION CF(H)
000000 IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
000000 COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTH(200),PIP(200),MARK(200),IA
000000 IU,FREI,TO,SEC(200),MOSEC,ICT
000000 I,F1(350),F2(350),F0(350),FP(350),EVE=I(350,50),SIZE,MAXSTR,NDIM
000000 I7,ROASHR(SV),COST(200),T7IS,GEIST,OLIST,NC1,NC2,TLIST,CF,EVE(SV),IFL
000000 INTELGR DIM,SPTH,PIH,PAHA,FREI,F1,F2,F0,FP,SIZE,HSLASH
000000 I7P,U,R,S,T7IS,TLIST,OLIST,OLIST,CST,CUST,SEC,EA
000000 CF=0
000000 SEC(R)=0
000000 DO I=1,NC1
000000   EIP(I)
000000   IF(EI.EQ.U) GO TO 1
000000   IF(F0(I)*YU.D.AND.MOSEC.EQ.1)GO TO 1
000000   PER
000000   KRSDIM(P)
000000   IF(EVENT(EI,KK),EQ.0)GO TO 14
000000   IF(XM(P).GT.EVENT(FI,KK)) GO TO 1
000000   IF(UB(P).LT.EVEN(EI,KK)) GO TO 1
000000   P=SPTH(P)
000000   IF(P.EQ.0)GO TO 2
000000   SEC(H)=SEC(H)+NDIM
000000   IF(F(I).EQ.0)CF=CF+NDIM
000000   CONTINUE
000000   PER
000000   CF=CF-1
000000   P=SPTH(P)
000000   IF(P.EQ.U) GO TO 4
000000   RETURN
000000   END

```

GLOBAL DUMMIES

R 143

CUMMUN

DI1	/.CUMM./+U	XLB	UB	/.CUMM./+820	SPTH	PIH	/.CUMM./+1130	PIH	/.CUMM./+1140
MARK	/.CUMM./+1750	TAU	FREI	/.CUMM./+2261	TU	SEC	/.CUMM./+2262	SEC	/.CUMM./+2263
MUSEC	/.CUMM./+2573	NCT	F1	/.CUMM./+2575	F2	F0	/.CUMM./+3333	F0	/.CUMM./+4071
FP	/.CUMM./+4027	EVEN	SIZE	/.CUMM./+47521	PAASHR	NDIM	/.CUMM./+47522	NDIM	/.CUMM./+47523
HSLASH	/.CUMM./+47524	COST	I	/.CUMM./+50116	IS	GLIST	/.CUMM./+50117	GLIST	/.CUMM./+50120
OLIST	/.CUMM./+50121	NC1	NC2	/.CUMM./+50123	TLIST	CI	/.CUMM./+50124	CI	/.CUMM./+50125
EVE	/.CUMM./+50126	IF							

SCALARS

CF	144	R	143	I	145	NC1	50122	EA	146
MUSEC	2573	P	147	KK	150	NDIM	47523	TAU	2260
FREI	2261	TU	2262	NCT	2574	SIZE	47521	PAASHR	47522
T	50110	TS	50117	GLIST	50120	OLIST	50121	NC2	50123
TLIST	50124	CI	50125	IF	50210				

```

000000 SUBROUTINE COPY(S1,D)
000000 IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
000000 COMMON DIM(200),ALH(200),UB(200),SPTH(200),SPTR(200),MARK(200),TA
000000 IU,FP,FE,TO,SECC(200),MOSEC,NCI
000000 I,F1(350),F2(350),FU(350),FP(350),EVENT(350,350),SIZE,MAXSTR,ADIA
000000 I7MSLASH(50),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,OLIST,RC2,TLIST,CITEVE(50),RLE
000000 INSLGRH DIM,SPTR,PTM,MARK,FREE,F1,F2,FU,FP,SIZE,MSLASH
000000 I,P,O,H,S,T,TS,TLIST,GLIST,OLIST,CST,COST,SEC
000000 INTEGER D,S1
000000 CALL ALLOC(D)
000000 DIM(D)=DIM(S1)
000000 XLM(D)=XLM(S1)
000012 UB(D)=UB(S1)
000016 RETURN
000017 END
    
```

GLOBAL DUMMIES

S1	36	U	37
CURSOR			
DIA	/.CURM./+310	UB	/.CURM./+620
MARK	/.CURM./+2260	FREE	/.CURM./+2261
MOSEC	/.CURM./+2574	F1	/.CURM./+2575
FP	/.CURM./+47521	SIZE	/.CURM./+47521
MSLASH	/.CURM./+47524	COST	/.CURM./+50116
OLIST	/.CURM./+50121	NCI	/.CURM./+50122
EVE	/.CURM./+50126	IF	/.CURM./+50127

SUBPROGRAMS

ALLUC

SCALARS

COPY	40	U	37	S1	36	IAU	2260	FREE	2261
TO	2262	MOSEC	2574	NCI	2574	SIZE	47521	MAXSTR	47522
NDIM	47523	T	50116	TS	50117	GLIST	50120	ULIST	50121
NC1	50122	NC2	50123	TLIST	50124	C1	50125	IF	50210

  

DIM	0	XLM	310	UB	620	SPTR	1130	PTM	1490
MARK	1750	SEC	2263	F1	2575	F2	3331	FU	4071
FP	4627	EVENT	5365	MSLASH	47524	COST	47606	EVE	50126

```

000000      SUBROUTINE ALLUC(F)
000000      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
000000      COMMON DIM(200), XLB(200), DB(200), SPTR(200), PIR(200), MARK(200), IA
000000      IU,FREE,TD,SEC(200),NOSEC,NCI
000000      I,F1(350),F2(350),FQ(350),FP(350),EVENT(350,50),SIZE,MAASTR,ADIM
000000      I,MSLASH(50),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,ULIST,NCI,NC2,TLIST,C1,EVE(50),IPL
000000      INTEGER DIM,SPTR,PIR,MARK,FREE,F1,F2,FQ,FP,SIZE,MSLASH
000000      I,P,Q,H,S,T,TS,TLIST,GGIST,ULIST,CST,CUST,SEC
000000      INTEGER F,A(6)
000000      F=FREE
000002      FREE=PTH(FREE)
000005      SPTR(F)=0
000007      PTH(F)=0
000011      IF(PIR(FREE).NE.0)RETURN
000015      REF=REF+1
000018      DO 1 I=1,SIZE
000020          1      MARK(I)=0
000023          MARK(F)=1
000026          A(1)=ULIST
000030          A(2)=TLIST
000032          A(3)=GLIST
000034          A(4)=TS
000036          A(5)=T
000038          A(6)=TD
000042          DO 10 I=1,6
000044          P=A(I)
000046          IF(P.EQ.0)GO TO 10
000050          3      C=P
000052          2      IF (MARK(Q).EQ.1) GO TO 4
000056          MARK(Q)=1
000061          Q=SPTR(Q)
000064          IF(C.NE.0) GO TO 2
000066          4      P=PIR(P)
000071          IF(P.NE.0)GO TO 3
000073          10     CONTINUE
000076          J=0
000077          DO 11 I=1,SIZE
000101          IF(MARK(I).EQ.1) GO TO 11
000104          PIR(I)=FREE
000106          FREE=I
000107          J=J+1
000110          11     CONTINUE
000112          IF(J.LT..1*SIZE)TYPE 100
000123          RETURN
000124          100     FORMAT(' USING 90% OF SPACE')
000132          END

```

CONSTANTS

0 175631463146

GLOBAL DUMMIES

ARRAYS

DEK	0	1750	1027	ALB	J10	620	UB	SPTK	1130	PTK	660
MARK	1750	2263	3305	SEC	2263	2575	F1	F2	3334	FU	071
FP	1027	3305		EVENT	3305	47524	MSLASH	CUST	97606	EVE	30126

```

000000 INTEGER FUNCTION COVER(S,R)
000000 IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
000000 COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UA(200),SPIR(200),PIR(200),MARK(200),IA
000000 IU,FREE,IO,SEC(200),HUSEC,NCI
000000 I,F1(350),F2(350),F3(350),FP(350),EVENT(350,50),SIZE,MAXSTR,NDIM
000000 I,HSLASH(307),COST(2007),I,IS,GLIST,OLIST,NCI,NC2,TLIST,CI,EVE(507),PL
000000 INTEGER DIM,SPIR,PIR,MARK,FREE,F1,F2,F3,FP,SIZE,HSLASH
000000 I,P,O,R,S,I,TS,TLIST,GLIST,OLIST,CST,COST,SEC
000000 CLEVEL=0
000000 P=5
000000 3 0=K
000005 1 IF(DIM(P).EQ.DIM(U)) GO TO 2
000012 G=SPIR(0)
000015 IF(O.NE.U) GO TO 1
000017 RETURN
000020 IF(XLB(P).GT.XLB(C))RETURN
000026 IF(UA(P).LT.UA(O))H=U+U
000034 P=SPIR(P)
000037 IF(P.NE.U)GO TO 3
000041 COVER=1
000043 RETURN
000044 END

```

GLOBAL DUMMIES

S 102 R 103

COMMON

DIM	7	170	XLB	7	CORR	7	310	OR	7	COMM	7	620	SPTK	7	COMM	7	1130	PIR	7	COMM	7	1150		
MARK	7	COMM	7	1750	IAU	7	COMM	7	2260	FREE	7	COMM	7	2261	IO	7	COMM	7	2262	SEC	7	COMM	7	2263
HUSEC	7	COMM	7	2573	NCI	7	COMM	7	2574	F1	7	COMM	7	2575	F2	7	COMM	7	2576	F3	7	COMM	7	2577
FP	7	COMM	7	4627	EVENT	7	COMM	7	4627	SIZE	7	COMM	7	47521	MAXSTR	7	COMM	7	47522	NDIM	7	COMM	7	47523
HSLASH	7	COMM	7	47524	COST	7	COMM	7	47606	I	7	COMM	7	47606	IS	7	COMM	7	47606	IS	7	COMM	7	47606
OLIST	7	COMM	7	50120	NCI	7	COMM	7	50121	NC2	7	COMM	7	50122	NC2	7	COMM	7	50123	TLIST	7	COMM	7	50124
EVE	7	COMM	7	50126	IF	7	COMM	7	50126	IF	7	COMM	7	50126	IF	7	COMM	7	50126	IF	7	COMM	7	50126

SCALARS

COVER	104	P	105	S	102	U	106	K	103
IAU	2260	FREE	2261	IO	2262	HUSEC	2573	NCI	2574
SIZE	47521	MAXSTR	47522	NDIM	47523	I	47606	IS	47606
GLIST	50120	OLIST	50121	NC1	50122	NC2	50123	TLIST	50124
CI	50125	IF	50126	IF	50126	IF	50126	IF	50126

ARRAYS

DIM	0	XLB	310	UA	620	SPTK	1130	PIR	1150
MARK	1750	SEC	2263	F1	2575	F2	3333	F3	4071
FP	4627	EVENT	5365	HSLASH	47524	COST	47606	EVE	50126

```

000000 INTEGER FUNCTION CONT(C,LIST,FLAG)
000000 IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
000000 COMMON DIM(200),ALB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),IA
000000 IU,FREE,TO,SEC(200),MUSEC,ACT
000000 I,F1(J50),F2(J50),F0(J50),FP(J50),EVENT(J50,50),SIZE,MAASIR,NDIM
000000 I,MSLASH(CO),COST(200),T,TS,GEIST,ULIST,MCI,NCZ,TLIST,C1,EVE(50),EVE
000000 INTEGER DIM,SPTR,PIK,MARK,FMEL,F1,F2,F0,FP,SIZE,MSLASH
000000 I,P,O,M,S,T,IS,ILIST,GEIST,ULIST,CST,COST,SEC
000000 INTEGER E,FLAG
000000 CONT=0
000000 P=LIST
000000 GAP
000000 3
000000 2 IF(E,ME,0)X1=EVENT(E,DIM(0))
000000 IF(E,EO,0)X2=EVE(DIM(0))
000000 IF(X1,EO,0)GO TO 12
000000 IF(X1,LI,XLB(0))GO TO 1
000000 IF(X1,G1,UB(0))GO TO 1
000000 12
000000 0=SPTR(0)
000000 IF(G,ME,0)GO TO 2
000000 CONT=1
000000 RETURN
000000 IF(FLAG,EO,1)RETURN
000000 P=PTR(P)
000000 IF(P,FE,0)GO TO 3
000000 RETURN
000000 END

```

GLOBAL DUMMIES

C	LIST	117	FLAG	120
COMMON				
DIM	/.COMM./+0	ALB	/.COMM./+310	UB
MARK	/.COMM./+1750	TAU	/.COMM./+260	FREE
MUSEC	/.COMM./+2573	ACT	/.COMM./+2575	PI
FP	/.COMM./+4627	EVERT	/.COMM./+5305	SIZE
MSLASH	/.COMM./+47524	COST	/.COMM./+47521	MAASIR
ULIST	/.COMM./+50121	MCI	/.COMM./+50116	T
EVE	/.COMM./+50126	IF	/.COMM./+50122	NC2
			/.COMM./+50123	TLIST
			/.COMM./+50124	CI
			/.COMM./+50125	

SCALARS

CONT	121	P	122	LIST	117	Q	123	E	110
XT	124	FLAG	120	TAU	2260	FMEL	2261	TO	2262
MUSEC	2573	ACT	2574	SIZE	47521	MAASIR	47522	NDIM	47523
T	50116	TS	50117	GLIST	50120	ULIST	50121	NC1	50122
NCZ	50123	TLIST	50124	CI	50125	IF	50126		

ARRAYS

DIM	0	XLB	310	UM	620	SPTR	1130	PTR	1440
MARK	1750	SEC	2263	F1	2575	F2	3333	F0	4071

FP 4027 EVENT 5305 HSLASM 47524 CUST 4700B EVE 50140

```

000000      SUBROUTINE INSERT(Q,LIST)
000000      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
000000      COMMON DIM(200), XLB(200), UB(200), SPTR(200), PTR(200), MARK(200), IA
000000      IU, FPEE, TD, SEC(200), NOSEC, FCT
000000      I, F1(350), F2(350), FQ(350), FP(350), EVENT(350,50), SIZE, MAXSTR, NDIM
000000      I, HSLASH(50), COST(200), T, TS, GLIST, OLIST, RC1, RC2, TLIST, C1, EVET(50), IFU
000000      INTEGER DIM, SPTR, PTR, MARK, FREE, F1, F2, FQ, FP, SIZE, HSLASH
000000      I, P, Q, R, S, T, TS, TLIST, GLIST, OLIST, CST, COST, SEC
000000      INTEGER BP, COVER
000000      IF (XLB(Q).EQ.0. AND UB(Q).EQ.10000) RETURN
000014      K=0
000015      IF (Q.EQ.0) RETURN
000020      J=LIST
000022      P=J
000024      1      BP=P
000026      P=PTR(P)
000031      IF (P.EQ.0) GO TO 5
000033      IF (COST(Q).GT.COST(P)) 2,3,4
000037      2      J=BP
000043      IF (COVER(P,Q)) 1,1,6
000045      3      IF (COVER(P,Q).EQ.1) GO TO 6
000056      IF (COVER(Q,P).NE.1) GO TO 1
000064      7      PTR(BP)=PTR(P)
000070      P=BP
000072      GO TO 1
000073      4      IF (COVER(Q,P)) 1,1,7
000076      5      P=LIST
000102      9      BP=P
000104      P=PTR(P)
000107      IF (P.EQ.0) GO TO 10
000111      IF (COST(Q).LT.COST(P)) GO TO 9
000116      IF (SEC(Q).LE.SEC(P)) GO TO 9
000123      10     PTR(BP)=0
000126      PTR(Q)=P
000131      P=LIST
000133      K=0
000134      11     P=PTR(P)
000137      IF (P.EQ.0) GO TO 6
000141      K=K+1
000142      IF (K.LE.MAXSTR) GO TO 11
000145      PTR(P)=0
000147      6      CONTINUE
000147      RETURN
000150      8      PTR(P)=0
000152      GO TO 5
000153      END

```

GLOBAL DUMMIES

Q 174 LIST 175

COMMON

D14	/.COMM./+0	XLB	/.COMM./+310	UB	/.COMM./+620	SPIK	/.COMM./+1130	PIH	/.COMM./+1440
MARK	/.COMM./+1750	TAU	/.COMM./+2260	FREE	/.COMM./+2261	TU	/.COMM./+2262	SEC	/.COMM./+2263
NOSEC	/.COMM./+2573	NCT	/.COMM./+2574	F1	/.COMM./+2575	F2	/.COMM./+3333	FU	/.COMM./+4071
FP	/.COMM./+4627	EVENT	/.COMM./+5365	SIZE	/.COMM./+47521	MAXSTR	/.COMM./+47522	NDIK	/.COMM./+47523
HSLASH	/.COMM./+47524	CUST	/.COMM./+47606	T	/.COMM./+50116	TS	/.COMM./+50117	GLIST	/.COMM./+50120
ULIST	/.COMM./+50121	NC1	/.COMM./+50122	NC2	/.COMM./+50123	TLIST	/.COMM./+50124	CI	/.COMM./+50125
EVE	/.COMM./+50126	IF	/.COMM./+50210						

SUBPROGRAMS

COVER

SCALARS

INSEKT	176	U	174	K	177	J	200	LIST	175
P	201	BP	202	MAXSTR	47522	TAU	2260	FREE	2261
TU	2262	NOSEC	2573	NCT	2574	SIZE	47521	NDIK	47523
T	50116	TS	50117	GLIST	50120	ULIST	50121	NC1	50122
NC2	50123	TLIST	50124	CI	50125	IF	50210		

ARRAYS

D14	0	XLB	310	UH	620	SPIK	1130	PIH	1440
MARK	1750	SEC	2263	F1	2575	F2	3333	FU	4071
FP	4627	EVENT	5365	HSLASH	47524	CUST	47606	EVE	50120

```

000000 INTEGER FUNCTION XMIN(XI,XJ)
000000 IMPLICIT INTEGER(A-Z)
000000 XMIN=XI
000002 IF (XJ.LT.XI)XMIN=XJ
000007 RETURN
000010 END

```

GLOBAL DUMPIES

XI 46 XJ 47

SCALARS

XMIN 50 XI 46 XJ 47

APPENDIX B

TCPXLS Program Listing

```

000000 INTEGER FUNCTION XMAX(XI,XJ)
000000 IMPLICIT INTEGER(A-Z)
000000 XMAX=XI
000002 IF (XJ.GT.XI)XMAX=XJ
000007 RETURN
000010 END

```

GLOBAL DUMMIES

XI 46 XJ 47

SCALARS

XI 50 XJ 46 XJ 47

000000  
000000  
000002  
000003

INTEGER FUNCTION QLO(I)  
QLO(I)  
RETURN  
END

GLOBAL DUMPLES

I 23

SCALARS

QLO 24

23

```

158 2 3 | END;
159 2 2 | XMX=0;
160 2 2 | DO I=1 TO NC;
161 2 3 |     XMX=MAX(BST(I),XMX);
162 2 3 |     END;
163 2 2 | DO I=1 TO NC;
164 2 3 |     IF XMX-BST(I)>.05 THEN
        BST(I)=0;
        END;
165 2 3 | PUT SKIP; L=TSIZE(IC)/2; IF L=EVE THEN
166 2 2 |     PUT EDIT(' D ',IC)(A,F(5));
167 2 2 | IF BST(IC)~=0 THEN ICORR=ICORR+1;
170 2 2 | DO I=1 TO NC;
171 2 3 | IF BST(I)~=0 THEN PUT EDIT(BST(I))(COL(10+5*I),F(4,2));
172 2 3 | END;
173 2 2 | END;
174 2 1 | PUT SKIP DATA(ICORR);
175 2 1 | END;
176 2 0 | XMATCH: PROC(C) RETURNS(FLOAT);
177 3 0 | DCL (C,CPX) FIXED BIN;
178 3 0 | DO CPX=1 TO 20 WHILE(CPTR(C,CPX)~=0);
179 3 1 |     ICX=CPTR(C,CPX);
180 3 1 |     TOT=0; NV=0;
182 3 1 |     DO WHILE(ICX~=0);
        /* CENTER = (TUB(ICX)+TLB(ICX))/2;
        L=EVENT(EVE,VAR(ICX));
        IF L~=0 THEN
            IF L<CENTER THEN
                DO; NV=NV+1;
                    IF LB(ICX)=0 THEN TOT=TOT+1;
                    ELSE IF LB(ICX)<=L THEN
                        TOT=TOT+(L-LB(ICX))/(CENTER-LB(ICX));
                    END;
                ELSE IF L=CENTER THEN DO;TOT=TOT+1; NV=NV+1; END;
                ELSE DO; NV=NV+1;
                    IF UB(ICX)=10000 THEN TOT=TOT+1;
                    ELSE IF UB(ICX)>=L THEN
                        TOT=TOT+(UB(ICX)-L)/(UB(ICX)-CENTER);
                    END; */
        L=EVENT(EVE,VAR(ICX));
        IF L>=0 THEN
            DO; IF LB(ICX)<=L & UB(ICX)>=L THEN TOT=TOT+.5;
                IF TLB(ICX)<=L & TUB(ICX)>=L THEN TOT=TOT+.5;
                NV=NV+1;
            END;
            ICX=SPTR(ICX); END;
        IF NV~=0 THEN TOT=TOT/NV;
        DCL CSAT(20) STATIC;
        CSAT(CPX)=TOT;

```

STMT LEV NT

```

1      0 |TCPXLST: PROC OPTIONS(MAIN);
2      1 0 |      PUT PAGE EDIT(' FORMULAS FROM INC EVENTS')(COL(20),A);
3      1 0 |      NC=20; NEVE=200;
5      1 0 |      BEGIN:
6      2 0 |      DCL ((SPTR,VAR,LB,UB,TLB,TUB)(3000),CPTR(NC+1,20)
|      ,EVENT(NEVE,50),(LSIZE,TSIZE)(NC),CPX,
|      (NUMCOV,TOTCOV,IND,NEWCOV)(NC,20),BCOV(20,NEVE),NEW(NEVE)
|      ,PTR(50))FIXED BIN, LINE CHAR(100)VAR ,NUMB CHAR(4)VAR;
7      2 0 |      COV: PROC(CPX,L)RETURNS(FIXED BIN);
8      3 0 |      DCL I STATIC, CPX FIXED BIN;
9      3 0 |      I=CPTR(IC,CPX);
10     3 0 |      DO WHILE(I~0);
11     3 1 |      IF LB(I)>EVENT(L,VAR(I)) | UB(I)<EVENT(L,VAR(I)) THEN RETURN(0);
12     3 1 |      I=SPTR(I);
13     3 1 |      END;
14     3 0 |      RETURN(1); END COV;
|      /* READ IN COMPLEXES */
16     2 0 |      CPTR=0;
17     2 0 |      NUMCOV,TOTCOV,IND,NEWCOV=0;
18     2 0 |      IC,CPX=1; CPTR(1,1)=1; NEXT=1;
21     2 0 |S0:   GET LIST(VAR(NEXT));
22     2 0 |      IF VAR(NEXT)<=0 THEN GO TO S1;
23     2 0 |      GET LIST(LB(NEXT),UB(NEXT));
24     2 0 |      J=NEXT; NEXT=NEXT+1; SPTR(NEXT-1)=NEXT; GO TO S0;
26     2 0 |S1:   CPX=CPX+1; SPTR(J)=0;
30     2 0 |      IF VAR(NEXT)=-1 THEN DO;CPTR(IC,CPX-1)=0; IC=IC+1; CPX=1; END;
35     2 0 |      CPTR(IC,CPX)=NEXT;
36     2 0 |      IF IC=NC THEN GO TO S0;
|
|      /* CALCULATE TRIMMED COMPLEXES */
37     2 0 |      GET FILE(LEARN) LIST(LSIZE);
38     2 0 |TCPX: DO IC=1 TO NC;
39     2 1 |      BCOV=0;
40     2 1 |      GET FILE(LEARN) EDIT((EVENT(J,*) DO J=1 TO LSIZE(IC)))
|      (COL(3),F(3),12 F(1),F(3),3 F(1),F(3),F(4),F(1),5 F(3),25 F(1)
|      );
41     2 1 |      DO CPX=1 TO 20 WHILE(CPTR(IC,CPX)~0);
42     2 2 |          DO L=1 TO LSIZE(IC); BCOV(CPX,L)=COV(CPX,L); END;
45     2 2 |          END;
|
46     2 1 |      DO CPX=1 TO 20 WHILE(CPTR(IC,CPX)~0);
47     2 2 |          FIRST=1;
48     2 2 |          DO J=1 TO LSIZE(IC);
49     2 3 |              IF BCOV(CPX,J)=1 THEN DO;
50     2 4 |                  ICX=CPTR(IC,CPX);

```

```

51 2 4 | DO WHILE(ICX~=0);
52 2 5 | IF FIRST=1 THEN
53 2 5 | TUB(ICX),TLB(ICX)=EVENT(J,VAR(ICX));
54 2 6 | ELSE DO;
55 2 6 | TUB(ICX)=MAX(TUB(ICX),EVENT(J,VAR(ICX)));
56 2 6 | TLB(ICX)=MIN(TLB(ICX),EVENT(J,VAR(ICX)));
57 2 5 | END;
58 2 5 | ICX=SPTR(ICX);
59 2 4 | END;
60 2 4 | FIRST=0;
61 2 3 | END;
62 2 2 | END;
63 2 1 | NCPX=CPX-1; NEW=0;
65 2 1 | DO CPX=1 TO NCPX;
66 2 2 | DO L=1 TO LSIZE(IC);
67 2 3 | IF JCOV(CPX,L)=1 THEN
68 2 4 | DO; IF NEW(L)=0 THEN NEWCOV(IC,CPX)=NEWCOV(IC,CPX)+1;
69 2 4 | NUMCOV(IC,CPX)=NUMCOV(IC,CPX)+1;
70 2 4 | NEW(L)=1;
71 2 4 | END;
72 2 3 | END;
73 2 2 | END;
74 2 1 | TUTCOV(IC,1)=NEWCOV(IC,1);
75 2 1 | DO CPX=2 TO NCPX;
76 2 2 | TUTCOV(IC,CPX)=TUTCOV(IC,CPX-1)+NEWCOV(IC,CPX);
77 2 2 | END;
78 2 1 | DO CPX=1 TO NCPX;
79 2 2 | DO L=1 TO LSIZE(IC);
80 2 3 | IF JCOV(CPX,L)~=1 THEN GO TO L1; DO K=1 TO NCPX;
82 2 4 | IF CPX~=K & JCOV(K,L)=1 THEN GO TO L1;END;
84 2 3 | IND(IC,CPX)=IND(IC,CPX)+1;
85 2 3 | L1: END;
86 2 2 | END;
87 2 1 | PUT SKIP(5) EDIT(' THE FOLLOWING',NCPX,
| ' COMPLEXES COVER SET ',IC,'COV NEW IND TOT')
| (COL(20),A,F(4),A,F(4),COL(100),A);
88 2 1 | LST: DO CPX=1 TO NCPX; M=0;
89 2 2 | PUT SKIP(2);
90 2 2 | LINE='COMPLEX: ';
91 2 2 | ICPX=CPTR(IC,CPX);
92 2 2 | DO NV=1 TO 50 WHILE(ICPX~=0);
93 2 2 | PTR(NV)=ICPX; ICPX=SPTR(ICPX); END;
94 2 3 | NV=NV-1;
95 2 2 | DO I=1 TO NV-1;
96 2 3 | DO J=I+1 TO NV;
97 2 4 | IF VAR(PTR(I))>VAR(PTR(J)) THEN
98 2 5 | DO; L=PTR(I); PTR(I)=PTR(J); PTR(J)=L; END;
99 2 4 | END;
100 2 4 |
101 2 5 |
102 2 4 |

```

```

106 2 3 | END;
107 2 2 | DO J=1 TO NV; LINE=LINE || ' ('; I=PTR(J);
110 2 3 | IF LB(I)>0 THEN
111 2 4 | DO; PUT STRING(NUMB)EDIT(LB(I))(F(4));
112 2 4 | LINE=LINE || NUMB;
113 2 4 | IF TLB(I)~=LB(I) THEN DO;
114 2 5 | PUT STRING(NUMB)EDIT(TLB(I))(F(4));
115 2 5 | LINE=LINE || ', ' || NUMB;
116 2 5 | END;
117 2 4 | LINE=LINE || '<=';
118 2 4 | END;
119 2 3 | PUT STRING(NUMB)EDIT(VAR(I))(F(2));
120 2 3 | LINE=LINE || 'X' || SUBSTR(NUMB,1,2);
121 2 3 | IF UB(I)<10000 THEN
122 2 4 | DO; LINE=LINE || '<=';
123 2 4 | IF TUB(I)~=UB(I) THEN DO;
124 2 5 | PUT STRING(NUMB)EDIT(TUB(I))(F(4));
125 2 5 | LINE=LINE || NUMB || ', ' ;
126 2 5 | END;
127 2 4 | PUT STRING(NUMB)EDIT(UB(I))(F(4));
128 2 4 | LINE=LINE || NUMB;
129 2 4 | END;
130 2 3 | LINE=LINE || ')';
131 2 3 | IF LENGTH(LINE)>75 THEN DO;
132 2 4 | PUT SKIP EDIT(LINE)(A);
133 2 4 | LINE=' ';
134 2 4 | IF M=0 THEN DO;
135 2 5 | M=1;
136 2 5 | PUT EDIT(NUMCOV(IC,CPX),NEWCOV(IC,CPX),
IND(IC,CPX),TOTCOV(IC,CPX))(COL(100),4(F(3),X(2)));
137 2 5 | END;
138 2 4 | END; END; PUT SKIP EDIT(LINE)(A);
141 2 2 | END LST;
142 2 1 | END TCPX;
143 2 0 | CONF;; DCL BST(NC);
145 2 0 | GET FILE(TEST) LIST(TSIZE);
146 2 0 | DO IC=1 TO NC; GET FILE(TEST) EDIT((EVENT(J,*)DO J=1 TO TSIZE(IC)))
(COL(3),F(3),12 F(1),F(3),3 F(1),F(3),F(4),F(1),5 F(3),25 F(1)
);
148 2 1 | PUT PAGE;
149 2 1 | PUT EDIT(('D',(I DO I=1 TO NC)))(COL(5*I+1),A,F(2));
150 2 1 | DO J=1,2;
151 2 2 | PUT SKIP EDIT(('_' DO I=1 TO 120))(A);
152 2 2 | END;
153 2 1 | ICORR=0;
154 2 1 | DO EVE=1 TO TSIZE(IC);
155 2 2 | BST=0;
156 2 2 | DO C=1 TO NC;
157 2 3 | BST(C)=XMATCH(C);

```

AT LEV NT

```
1      0  | PBLOG: PROC OPTIONS(MAIN);
2      1 0  | NC=20; NEVE=1112;
4      1 0  | BEGIN;
5      2 0  | DCL ((SPTR,VAR,LB,UB)(4000),(LSIZE,TSIZE)(NC),
6      2 0  | CPTR(120),CLASS(120),EVE(50),CPX)FIXED BIN,CCPROB(120);
7      2 0  | DCL XM(120),BST(120),(DTOT,DEC(S)FIXED BIN;
9      2 0  | ITOT=0; DTOT=0;
10     3 0  | MATCH: PROC;
11     3 1  |     DO CPX=1 TO NCPX;
12     3 1  |         J=CPTR(CPX);
13     3 1  |         X=0; NV=0;
14     3 1  |         DO WHILE(J/=0);
15     3 2  |             IF EVE(VAR(J))>0 THEN NV=NV+1;
16     3 2  |             IF LB(J)<=EVE(VAR(J))&UB(J)>=EVE(VAR(J)) THEN
17     3 2  |                 X=X+1; J=SPTR(J); END;
18     3 1  |             IF NV=0 THEN XM(CPX)=0;
19     3 1  |                 ELSE XM(CPX)=X/NV; END MATCH;
20     3 1  |
21     2 0  | IC=1; CPTR=0;CPTR(1)=1; CCPROB=0; NEXT=1; CPX=1;
22     2 0  | SO:
23     2 0  |     GET LIST(VAR(NEXT));
24     2 0  |     IF VAR(NEXT)<=0 THEN GO TO S1;
25     2 0  |     GET LIST(LB(NEXT),UB(NEXT));J=NEXT; NEXT=NEXT+1;
26     2 0  |     SPTR(J)=NEXT; GO TO SO;
27     2 0  | S1: SPTR(J)=0; CLASS(CPX)=IC; IF VAR(NEXT)=0 THEN CPX=CPX+1;
28     2 0  |     CPTR(CPX)=NEXT; IF VAR(NEXT)=-1 THEN IC=IC+1;
29     2 0  |     IF IC<=NC THEN GO TO SO;
30     2 0  |     NCPX=CPX-1; GET FILE(LEARN) LIST(LSIZE);
31     2 0  | DO IEVE=1 TO NEVE;
32     2 1  |     GET FILE(LEARN) EDIT(IC,EVE)
33     2 1  |     (COL(1),F(2),F(3),12 F(1),F(3),3 F(1),F(3),F(4),F(1),5 F(3)
34     2 1  |     ,25 F(1));
35     2 1  |     IF IC=0 THEN IC=20;
36     2 1  |     DO I=1 TO NCPX;
37     2 2  |         J=CPTR(I); DO WHILE(J/=0);
38     2 3  |             IF LB(J)>EVE(VAR(J))|UB(J)<EVE(VAR(J)) THEN
39     2 3  |                 GO TO S4; J=SPTR(J); END;
40     2 2  |             CCPROB(IC,I)=CCPROB(IC,I)+1;
41     2 2  |             S4: END;
42     2 1  |         END;
43     2 0  |     DO CPX=1 TO NCPX;
44     2 1  |     XX=SUM(CCPROB(*,CPX));
45     2 1  |     CCPROB(*,CPX)=CCPROB(*,CPX)/XX;END;
46     2 0  |     PUT PAGE EDIT(('D',I DO I=1 TO NC))
47     2 0  |     (COL(10+5*I),A,F(2));
48     2 0  |     DO CPX=1 TO NCPX;
49     2 1  |     PUT SKIP EDIT((CCPROB(I,CPX) DO I=1 TO NC))
50     2 1  |     (COL(10+5*I),F(4,3));
```

```

02 2 1 | PUT SKIP(0) EDIT('____')(COL( 5*CLASS(CPX)),A);
03 2 1 | END;
04 2 0 | GET FILE(TEST) LIST(TSIZE);
05 2 0 | CCPROB=(CCPROB=0)*2E-3+CCPROB;
06 2 0 | DO IC=1 TO NC;
07 2 1 | PUT PAGE EDIT(('D',I DO I=1 TO NC))(COL(10+5*I),A,F(2));
08 2 1 | PUT EDIT((' ' DO I=1 TO 240))(SKIP,120 A);
09 2 1 | IC2=TSIZE(IC)/2; ICORR=0; DECIS=0;
12 2 1 | DO IE=1 TO TSIZE(IC);
13 2 2 | GET FILE(TEST) EDIT(J,EVE)
(COL(1),F(2),F(3),12 F(1),F(3),3 F(1),F(3),F(4),F(1),5 F(3)
14 2 2 | ,25 F(1)); CALL MATCH; X=0;
15 2 2 | DO I=1 TO NCPX; X=MAX(X,XM(I)); END;
16 2 2 | BST=0;
17 2 2 | DO J=1 TO NCPX;
18 2 3 | IF X-XM(J)<.05 THEN
19 2 4 | DO L=1 TO NC; BST(L)=BST(L)+CCPROB(L,J); END;
20 2 3 | END;
21 2 2 | X=0;
22 2 2 | DO I=1 TO NC; X=MAX(X,BST(I)); END;
23 2 2 | Y=0; DO I=1 TO NC; IF BST(I)=X THEN Y=MAX(Y,BST(I)); END;
24 2 2 | PUT SKIP; DO I=1 TO NC; IF BST(I)>Y-.01 THEN DO;
25 2 4 | PUT EDIT(BST(I)/X)(COL(10+5*I),F(4,2));
26 2 4 | DECIS=DECIS+1;
27 2 4 | IF I=IC THEN ICORR=ICORR+1; END; END;
28 2 2 | IF IC2=IE THEN PUT SKIP(0) EDIT('D',IC)(A,F(6));
29 2 2 | END; PUT SKIP DATA (ICORR,DECIS); DTOT=DTOT+DECIS;
105 2 1 | ITOT=ITOT+ICORR; END; PUT DATA(ITOT,DTOT);
108 2 0 | END PBLDG;

```

APPENDIX C

PBLOG Program Listing



```

01500 IF(OPTION.EQ.'M')GO TO 109 Handwritten: M sup
01600 IF(OPTION.EQ.'M')CALL MODIFY
01700 IF(OPTION.EQ.'A')CALL AQPARM
01800 IF(OPTION.EQ.'F')CALL FORCE Handwritten: the selection of features
01900 IF(OPTION.EQ.'C')CALL CREATE
01950 IF(OPTION.EQ.'P')CALL PRBEST
02000 IF(OPTION.EQ.'R')GO TO 180 Handwritten: run AQPVAL
02100 IF(OPTION.EQ.'Q')GO TO 900
02200 GO TO 101
02300 180 CALL SELECT(NDIM-NFORC)
02350 CALL PROJEC
02400 CALL AQ
02500 IF(DISJNT.EQ.1)GO TO 300
02600 TYPE 260
02700 260 FORMAT(/,' REPRESENTATION IS NON-DISJOINT. NO CHANGES MADE.')
02800 GO TO 101
02900 300 CALL USEFUL
03000 GO TO 101
03100 900 CLOSE(UNIT=1)
03200 CLOSE(UNIT=20)
03300 TYPE 999
03400 999 FORMAT(//,' Y''ALL COME BACK NOW, HEAR?',25(/))
03500 END

```

```

00100 SUBROUTINE AQPARM
00120 IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
00140 COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),
00160 1TAU,FREE,TQ,SEC(200),F1(100),F2(100),FQ(100),EVENT(100,30),
00180 2SIZE,HSLASH(30),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,OLIST,TLIST,EVE(30),
00200 3TEL,DISJNT,U(200),VSEL(200),N(15),M(3),FORC(200),PREVC,
00220 5LAST,PREVC1,NFORC,PUT(100,2),NEXT1,NEXT20,FP(100),MAXSTR,
00240 4DINTOT,NCT,NDIM,MAX1,NOSEC,C1,NC2,IB,NC1,USE1,RAND,DUMMY
00350 DOUBLE PRECISION HI
00400 DOUBLE PRECISION PNAME(12,2),PACK
00500 INTEGER CHAR(20),COMP(10),VALUE(12)
00600 EQUIVALENCE(VALUE,DINTOT)
00750 DATA(VALUE(I),I=1,12)/50,204,5,1,1,1,10,1,112,10,0,0/
00800 DATA((PNAME(I,K),K=1,2),I=1,12)
00900 1/'DINTOT', '<= 200', 'NCT', ' ', ' ', 'NDIM', ' '<= 30', 'MAXSTR'
01000 2' ', 'NOSEC', '0 OR 1', 'C1', ' ', ' ', 'NC2', ' '<= 100',
01100 3'IB', ' '<= NCT', 'NC1', ' '<= NCT', 'NUSE1', ' '<= NC1&100',
01200 4'RAND', '0 OR 1', ' ', ' ', ' '
01250 NUMPAR=11
01260 TYPE 110
01270 110 FORMAT(/,' ROUTINE TO ACCEPT AQPVAL PARAMETERS',/)
01300 120 TYPE 125
01400 125 FORMAT(' ENTER (PARM:VALUE*), (S)HOW VALUES, OR (Q)UIT')
01500 126 ACCEPT 130,CHAR.
01600 130 FORMAT(20A1)
01700 IF(CHAR(1).EQ.'Q')GO TO 999
01800 IF(CHAR(1).EQ.'S')GO TO 100
01900 DO 140 I=1,11
01950 NUMB=I-1
02000 140 IF(CHAR(I).EQ.'*')GO TO 150
02100 TYPE 145
02200 145 FORMAT(' *:*:* NOT FOUND IN SCAN RANGE. TRY AGAIN.')
02300 GO TO 120
02400 150 ENCODE(10,130,PACK)(CHAR(I),I=1,NUMB)
02500 DO 160 J=1,NUMPAR
02550 JNUMB=J
02600 160 IF(PACK.EQ.PNAME(J,1))GO TO 170
02700 TYPE 165
02800 165 FORMAT(' PARAMETER NAME INVALID. TRY AGAIN.')
02900 GO TO 120
03000 170 NUMB=NUMB+2
03025 KNUMB=NUMB

```

```

03050      DO 180 K=NUMB,20
03100      IF(CHAR(K).EQ.'*')GO TO 195
03200      IF(CHAR(K).EQ.' ')GO TO 180
03300      IF(CHAR(K).GT.'9')GO TO 220
03400      IF(CHAR(K).LT.'0')GO TO 220
03500      180  KNUMB=K+1
03600      195  IF(KNUMB-NUMB.GT.6.OR.KNUMB-NUMB.LT.1)GO TO 220
03700      ENCODE(10,130,PACK)(CHAR(I),I=NUMB,KNUMB-1)
03800      DECODE(6,200,PACK)HOLD
03900      200  FORMAT(I6)
04000      VALUE(JNUMB)=HOLD/(10**((6+NUMB-KNUMB)))
04100      TYPE 210,PNAME(JNUMB,1),VALUE(JNUMB)
04200      210  FORMAT(1X,A10,' = ',I6)
04300      GO TO 126
04400      220  TYPE 230
04500      230  FORMAT(' PARAMETER VALUE INVALID. TRY AGAIN. ')
04600      GO TO 120
04700      100  TYPE 105

04800      105  FORMAT(/,' CURRENT PARAMETER VALUES ARE:',//)
04900      TYPE 115,((PNAME(J,1),VALUE(J),PNAME(J,2)),J=1,NUMPAR)
05000      115  FORMAT(1X,A10,' = ',I6,10X,'(',A10,')')
05040      TYPE 116
05080      116  FORMAT(//)
05100      GO TO 120
05200      999  MAXSTR=0
05300      IF(MAX1.GT.0)MAXSTR=MAX1-1
05400      RETURN
05500      END

```

```

00100      SUBROUTINE FORCE
00120      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
00140      COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),
00160      1TAU,FREE,TO,SEC(200),F1(100),F2(100),FO(100),EVENT(100,30),
00180      2SIZE,HSLASH(30),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,OLIST,TLIST,EVE(30),
00200      3IFL,DISJNT,U(200),NSEL(200),N(15),M(3),FORC(200),PREVC,
00220      5LAST,PREVC1,NFORC,PILT(100,2),NEXT1,NEXT20,FP(100),MAXSTR,
00240      4DINTOT,NCT,NDIM,MAX1,NOSEC,C1,NC2,IB,NC1,USE1,RAND,DUMMY
00260      TYPE 90
00280      90  FORMAT(/,' ROUTINE TO FORCE THE SELECTION OF FEATURES',//)
00400      10  TYPE 100
00500      100  FORMAT(/,' YOU HAVE SELECTED THE FOLLOWING FEATURES:')
00600      DO 150 I=1,DINTOT
00700      150  IF(FORC(I).EQ.1)TYPE 110,I
00800      110  FORMAT(2X,I3)
00900      115  TYPE 120
01000      120  FORMAT(/,' ENTER FEATURE NUMBER (I3) TO CHANGE SELECTION ',
01100      1'STATUS, L TO LIST, '/', ' Q TO QUIT, OR C TO CLEAR.',//)
01140      125  TYPE 126
01180      126  FORMAT(' ', ' ENTER FEATURE I3 OR OPTION =')
01200      CALL GETINT(1)
01300      IF(M(1).NE.'E ')GO TO 128
01320      IF(M(1).EQ.'L')GO TO 10
01340      IF(M(1).EQ.'Q')GO TO 330
01360      IF(M(1).EQ.'C')GO TO 220
01380      GO TO 200
01400      128  DECODE(3,130,M)I
01500      130  FORMAT(I3)
01700      IF(I.GT.DINTOT.OR.I.EQ.0)GO TO 200
01800      FORC(I)=1-FORC(I)
01840      TYPE 140,I
01880      140  FORMAT(' ', ' FEATURE ',I3,' CHANGED. ')
01900      GO TO 125
02000      200  TYPE 210
02100      210  FORMAT(' THAT FEATJRE DOESN'T EXIST. ')

```

```

02200      GO TO 125
02300      220 DO 230 I=1,DIMTOT
02400      230 FORC(I)=0
02500      GO TO 115
02600      330 NFORC=0
03300      DO 350 I=1,DIMTOT
03400      NSEL(I)=FORC(I)
03500      350 NFORC=NFORC+FORC(I)
03600      TYPE 360,NFORC
03700      360 FORMAT(/,' YOU HAVE SELECTED ',I3,' FEATURES.')
03800      IF(NFORC.LE.NDIM)RETURN
03900      TYPE 370,NDIM
04000      370 FORMAT(' YOU ARE ONLY ALLOWED ',I3,' FEATURES, HOWEVER, EITHER '
04100      1' INCREASE NDIM, ',/, ' OR RE-ENTER THIS ROUTINE TO CHANGE YOUR ',
04200      2' CHOICES.')
04300      RETURN
04400      END

```

```

00100      SUBROUTINE PROJEC
00120      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
00140      COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),
00160      1TAU,FREE,TQ,SEC(200),F1(100),F2(100),FQ(100),EVENT(100,30),
00180      2SIZE,HSLASH(30),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,OLIST,TLIST,EVE(30),
00200      3IFL,DISJNT,U(200),NSEL(200),N(15),M(3),FORC(200),PREVC,
00220      5LAST,PREVC1,NFORC,PUT(100,2),NEXT1,NEXT20,FP(100),MAXSTR,
00240      4DIMTOT,NCT,NDIM,MAX1,NOSEC,C1,NC2,IB,NC1,USE1,RAND,DUMMY
00300      INTEGER IN(200),OUT(30),IC,I,J,NEXT1,NEXT20,DIMTOT
00400      REAL RAN
01200      C    PROJECT EVENTS
01250      TYPE 90
01275      90 FORMAT(/,' EVENT PROJECTION IN PROGRESS. PLEASE WAIT.',//)
01300      DO 20 J=1,NCT
01400      READ(20#J)IC,(IN(K),K=1,50)
01500      DO 10 I=1,NDIM
01600      10 OUT(I)=IN(NSEL(I))
01800      20 WRITE(1#J)IC,OUT
02300      DO 30 I=IB,IB+USE1-1
02400      J=I
02500      IF(RAND.EQ.1)J=RAN(J)*NC1+IB
02600      30 READ(1#J)IC,(EVENT(I-IB+1,JJ),JJ=1,30)
02700      DO 40 I=1,NC1
02800      40 F1(I)=I
02850      TYPE 101
02860      101 FORMAT(/,' EVENT PROJECTION COMPLETED.',///,
02870      1' AQUAL PROCEDURE BEGUN. PATIENCE IS A VIRTUE.',//)
02900      RETURN
03000      END

```

```

00100      SUBROUTINE MODIFY
00110      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
00120      COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),
00130      1TAU,FREE,TQ,SEC(200),F1(100),F2(100),FQ(100),EVENT(100,30),
00140      2SIZE,HSLASH(30),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,OLIST,TLIST,EVE(30),
00150      3IFL,DISJNT,U(200),NSEL(200),N(15),M(3),FORC(200),PREVC,
00160      5LAST,PREVC1,NFORC,PUT(100,2),NEXT1,NEXT20,FP(100),MAXSTR,
00170      4DIMTOT,NCT,NDIM,MAX1,NOSEC,C1,NC2,IB,NC1,USE1,RAND,DUMMY
00200      REAL U,VALUE
00300      INTEGER DIMTOT,MESS1,FNO,MODE
00400      FNO=0
00420      TYPE 100
00440      100 FORMAT(/,' ROUTINE TO MODIFY USEFULNESS VALUES',//)
00500      TYPE 110,DIMTOT
00600      110 FORMAT(/,' REMINDER: YOU ARE WORKING WITH ',I3,' FEATURES.')
00700      590 TYPE 600

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```

00800      600  FORMAT(/,' ALTER/DISPLAY MODE. INCREMENT, HELP, OR QUIT?'.
00820      1/,S,' A/ /H/Q  ')
00900      ACCEPT 610,MODE
01000      610  FORMAT(A5)
-----
01100      IF(MODE.EQ.'H')GO TO 200
01200      IF(MODE.EQ.' ')GO TO 525
01300      IF(MODE.EQ.'Q')GO TO 999
01400      IF(MODE.NE.'A')GO TO 590
-----
01500      500  TYPE 510
01600      510  FORMAT(/,S,' ENTER FEATURE NUMBER (I3) =')
01700      ACCEPT 60,N
01800      DO 154 I=1,3
-----
01900      IF(N(I).EQ.' ')GO TO 154
02000      IF(N(I).GT.'9')GO TO 540
02100      IF(N(I).LT.'0')GO TO 540
02200      154  CONTINUE
-----
02300      ENCODE(3,30,M)N
02400      30  FORMAT(3A1)
02500      DECODE(3,520,M)FNO
02600      520  FORMAT(I3)
-----
02700      IF(FNO.EQ.0)GO TO 312
02800      GO TO 530
02900      525  FNO=FNO+1
03000      530  IF(FNO.LE.DIMTOT)GO TO 45
-----
03100      540  TYPE 550
03200      550  FORMAT(' FEATURE NUMBER INVALID. CHOOSE ANOTHER. ')
03300      GO TO 500
03400      312  TYPE 314
-----
03500      314  FORMAT(/,S,' DISPLAY OR ALTER ALL VALUES?  D/A  ')
03600      ACCEPT 316,MODE
03700      316  FORMAT(A1)
03800      IF(MODE.NE.'A')GO TO A20
-----
03900      TYPE 425
04000      425  FORMAT(S,/,,' ENTER VALUE TO REPLACE ALL OTHERS =')
04100      GO TO 52
04200      420  IF(MODE.NE.'D')GO TO 312
-----
04250      TYPE 333
04300      320  TYPE 330,((I,U(I)),I=1,DIMTOT)
04400      330  FORMAT(4(' U(',I3,')=' ,F6.4,4X))
04440      TYPE 333
-----
04480      333  FORMAT(/)
04500      GO TO 590
04600      45  TYPE 50,FNO,U(FNO)
04700      50  FORMAT(/,S,' PRESENTLY U(',I3,')=' ,F6.4,,' NEW VALUE =')
-----

04800      52  ACCEPT 60,N
04900      60  FORMAT(15A1)
-----
05000      NO=0
05100      NS=0
05200      DO 54 I=1,6
05300      IF(N(I).EQ.'A')GO TO 56
-----
05400      IF(N(I).EQ.' ')GO TO 58
05500      IF(N(I).GT.'9')GO TO 290
05600      IF(N(I).LT.'0')GO TO 290
05700      GO TO 54
-----
05800      58  NS=NS+1
05900      GO TO 54
06000      56  NO=NO+1
06100      54  CONTINUE
-----
06200      IF(NO.GT.1)GO TO 290
06300      IF(NS.EQ.6)GO TO 590
06400      ENCODE(6,60,M)N
06500      DECODE(6,62,M)VALUE
-----
06600      62  FORMAT(F6.5)
06700      IF(VALUE.GT.1.0)GO TO 290
06800      IF(FNO.EQ.0)GO TO 70
06900      U(FNO)=VAL IF

```

```

07000      TYPE 65,FNO,U(FNO)
07100      65  FORMAT(/,' CHANGE MADE: U(''.13.'')= '.F6.4)
07200      GO TO 590
07300      70  DO 80 I=1,DIMTOT
07400      80  U(I)=VALUE
07500      TYPE 85,VALUE
07600      85  FORMAT(/,' CHANGE MADE: ALL VALUES SET TO '.F6.4)
07700      GO TO 590
07800      300 IF(FNO.EQ.0)GO TO 320
07900      TYPE 310,FNO,U(FNO)
08000      310 FORMAT(/,' U(''.13.'')= '.F6.4)
08100      GO TO 500
08200      200 TYPE 210
08300      210 FORMAT(/,' HELPFUL HINTS:'',/,
08400      1'  FEATURE NUMBER 0 = ALL FEATURES.'',/,
08500      2'  YOU WILL BE NOTIFIED WHENEVER (%) A CHANGE IS MADE.'',/,
08540      2'  INCREMENT ACCESSES THE NEXT FEATURE NUMBER.'',/,
08600      3'  VALUE = [RETURN] CHANGES NOTHING.'',/)
08700      GO TO 590
08800      290 TYPE 295
08900      295 FORMAT('' VALUE INVALID. NO CHANGES MADE.'')
09000      GO TO 590
09100      999 RETURN
09200      END

```

```

00100      SUBROUTINE SELECT(NN)
00200      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
00210      COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),
00220      1TAU,FREE,TQ,SEC(200),F1(100),F2(100),FQ(100),EVENT(100,30),
00230      2SIZE,HSLASH(30),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,DLIST,TLIST,EVE(30),
00240      3IFL,DISJNT,U(200),NSEL(200),N(15),M(3),FORC(200),PREVC,
00250      5LAST,PREVC1,NFORC,PUT(100,2),NEXT1,NEXT20,FP(100),MAXSTR,
00260      4DIMTOT,NCT,NDIM,MAX1,NOSEC,C1,NC2,IB,NC1,USE1,RAND,DUMMY
00300      REAL R(100),RAN,RAND,U,RAND1,GTOT,TOT
00330      DO 5 I=1,DIMTOT
00360      IF(FORC(I).EQ.1)GO TO 3
00390      NSEL(I)=0
00420      GO TO 5
00450      3  NSEL(I)=1
00480      5  CONTINUE
00490      IF(NN.LE.0)RETURN
00500      GTOT=0.
00600      DO 10 I=1,DIMTOT
00700      10  IF(NSEL(I).EQ.0)GTOT=GTOT+U(I)
00800      DO 20 I=1,NN
00900      20  R(I)=RAN(0,0)
01000      DO 30 I=1,NN-1
01100      DO 30 J=1,NN-I
01200      JP=J+1
01250      IF(R(I).LE.R(JP))GO TO 30
01300      RAND=R(J)
01400      R(J)=R(JP)
01600      R(JP)=RAND
01900      30  CONTINUE
02000      TOT=0.
02100      I=0
02200      DO 70 J=1,NN
02300      RAND=R(J)*GTOT
02400      40  IF(RAND.GE.TOT)GO TO 50
02500      IF(NSEL(I).EQ.0)TOT=TOT-U(I)
02600      I=I-1
02700      GO TO 40
03000      50  IF(RAND.LE.TOT)GO TO 60
03100      I=I+1
03200      IF(NSEL(I).EQ.0)TOT=TOT+U(I)
03300      GO TO 50

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03400      60  NSEL(I)=1
03500          TOT=TOT-U(I)
03600          GTOT=GTOT-U(I)
03700      70  CONTINUE
03800      C   CONDENSE ARRAY NSEL
03900          K=1
04000          DO 100 J=1,DIMTOT
04100          IF(NSEL(J).EQ.0)GO TO 100
04200          NSEL(K)=J
04300          K=K+1
04400      100  CONTINUE
04500          TYPE 200
04600      200  FORMAT(/,' THE FEATURES CHOSEN ARE:',/)
04700          TYPE 220,(NSEL(I),I=1,NDIM)
04800      220  FORMAT(10(4X,I3))
04900          RETURN
05000          END

```

```

00100          SUBROUTINE USEFUL
00200          IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
00220          COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),
00240          I,TAU,FREE,TO,SEC(200),F1(100),F2(100),EQ(100),EVENT(100,30),
00260          2SIZE,MSLASH(30),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,QLIST,TLIST,EVE(30),
00280          3IFL,DISJNT,U(200),NSEL(200),N(15),M(3),FORC(200),PREVC,
00300          5LAST,PREVC1,NFORC,PUT(100,2),NEXT1,NEXT20,FP(100),MAXSTR,
00320          ADIMTOT,NCT,NDIM,MAX1,NOSEC,C1,NC2,IB,NC1,USE1,RAND,DUMMY
00400          REAL C,PREVC,U
00440          TYPE 50
00480      50  FORMAT(/,' USEFULNESS VALUES BEING COMPUTED')
00500          NCLASS=0
00600          DO 10 I=1,NCT
00700          READ(10I)IC,EVE
00800          IF(CONT(0,TLIST,0).EQ.1)GO TO 20
00900          IF(IC.EQ.C1)NCLASS=NCLASS-1
01000          GO TO 10
01100      20  IF(IC.EQ.C1)GO TO 30
01200          NCLASS=NCLASS-1
01300          GO TO 10
01320      30  NCLASS=NCLASS+1
01340      10  CONTINUE
01400      100  IF(NCLASS.LE.0)NCLASS=1
01450          J=3
01500          SELCNT=0
01600          CPXPTR=0
01700          EVE(1)=0
01800          NFEAT=0
01900          X=TLIST
01920      C   SEE JIM LARSON'S AQ.FOR DOCUMENTATION FOR AN EXPLANATION OF THE
01940      C   DATA STRUCTURES USED HERE.
01960      C
01980      C   PUT FORMULA INTO ARRAY 'PUT'.
01990          IF(SPTR(X).EQ.0.AND.PTR(X).EQ.0)GO TO 500
02000      120  SELCNT=SELCNT+1
02100          IF(J.GT.95)GO TO 130
02105          DIMENS=NSEL(DIM(X))
02110          PUT(J,3-LAST)=DIMENS
02120          PUT(J+1,3-LAST)=XLB(X)
02130          PUT(J+2,3-LAST)=UB(X)
02140          IF(X.NE.TLIST)J=J+3
02150      130  DO 150 I=1,NFEAT
02200      150  IF(EVE(I).EQ.DIMENS)GO TO 200
02400          NFEAT=NFEAT+1
02500          EVE(NFEAT)=DIMENS
02700      200  IF(CXPTR.EQ.0)CXPTR=PTR(X)
02800          IF(SPTR(X).EQ.0)GO TO 300
02900          X=4PTR(X)

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03000      GO TO 120
03100      300  IF(CPXPTR.EQ.0)GO TO 500
03200      X=CPXPTR
03210      CPXPTR=0
03220      PUT(J,3-LAST)=-1
03230      IF(J.LT.96)J=J+1
03300      GO TO 120
03310      500  PUT(J,3-LAST)=-2
03400      C=NFEAT*SELCNT*NC1/NCLASS
03500      PUT(1,3-LAST)=C
03510      PUT(2,3-LAST)=C1
03520      IF(C1.EQ.PREVC1)GO TO 550

03530      PREVC1=C1
03540      GO TO 600
03550      550  IF(C.LE.PREVC)GO TO 600
03600      C=PREVC/C
03625      C=C**0.5
03650      IF(C.LT.0.1)C=0.1
03700      GO TO 610
03800      600  PREVC=C
03900      C=1.0
04000      610  DO 800 I=1,NDIM
04100      DIMENS=NSEL(I)
04140      TYPE 621,DIMENS,U(DIMENS)
04180      621  FORMAT(S,' X',I3,10X,'OLD VALUE=',F6.4,8X,'NEW VALUE=')
04200      DO 620 I=1,NFEAT
04300      620  IF(EVE(J).EQ.DIMENS)GO TO 630
04350      C  IF FEATURE NOT USED IN RULE:
04400      U(DIMENS)=U(DIMENS)*C*FLOAT(DIMTOT-NDIM)/FLOAT(DIMTOT)
04500      GO TO 626
04550      C  IF FEATURE USED IN RULE:
04600      630  U(DIMENS)=U(DIMENS)+(1.-U(DIMENS))*C*FLOAT(NDIM)/FLOAT(DIMTOT)
04720      626  TYPE 622,U(DIMENS)
04740      622  FORMAT(F6.4)
04745      800  CONTINUE
04750      C  TYPE FORMULA.
04800      INDX=3-LAST
04900      TYPE 710,PUT(2,INDX),PUT(1,INDX)
05000      710  FORMAT(/,' CLASS= ',I4,' COST= ',I6)
05100      J=3
05200      720  IF(PUT(J,INDX).GE.0)GO TO 740
05300      IF(PUT(J,INDX).EQ.-2)GO TO 790
05400      J=J+1
05500      TYPE 730
05600      730  FORMAT(/)
05700      740  TYPE 750,(PUT(1,INDX),I=J,I+2)
05800      750  FORMAT(S,' (X',I3,'=',I5,'.',I5,')')
05900      J=J+3
06000      GO TO 720
06100      790  IF(C.EQ.1.0)LAST=3-LAST
06200      RETURN
06300      END

```

```

00100      SUBROUTINE PRBEST
00110      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
00120      COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),
00130      ITAU,FREE,TQ,SEC(200),F1(100),F2(100),FQ(100),EVENT(100,30),
00140      2SIZE,HSLASH(30),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,OLIST,TLIST,EVE(30),
00150      3IFL,DISJNT,U(200),NSEL(200),N(15),M(3),FORC(200),PREVC,
00160      5LAST,PREVC1,NFORC,PUT(100,2),NEXT1,NEXT20,FP(100),MAXSTR,
00170      4DIMTOT,NCT,NDIM,MAX1,NOSEC,C1,NC2,IB,NC1,USE1,RAND,DUMMY
00200      TYPE 100
00300      100  FORMAT(/,' BEST FORMULA SO FAR:')
00400      INDX=LAST

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00500      IF(PUT(I,INDX).NE.-2)GO TO 700
00600      TYPE 110
00700      110  FORMAT(/,' NO FORMULA')
00800      GO TO 790
04900      700  TYPE 710,PUT(2,INDX),PUT(1,INDX)
05000      710  FORMAT(' CLASS= ',I4,'      COST= ',I6)
05100      J=3
05200      720  IF(PUT(J,INDX).GE.0)GO TO 740
05300      IF(PUT(J,INDX).EQ.-2)GO TO 790
05400      J=J+1
05500      TYPE 730
05600      730  FORMAT(/)
05700      740  TYPE 750,(PUT(I,INDX),I=J,J+2)
05800      750  FORMAT(S,' (X',I3,'=',I5,':',I5,')')
05900      J=J+3
06000      GO TO 720
06200      790  RETURN
06300      END

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00100      SUBROUTINE CREATE
00200      TYPE 100
00300      100  FORMAT(/,' SORRY, CREATE DOESN'T EXIST YET. ')
00400      RETURN
00500      END

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00100      SUBROUTINE GETINT(NUM)
00120      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
00140      COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),
00160      1TAU,FREE,TQ,SEC(200),F1(100),F2(100),FQ(100),EVENT(100,30),
00180      2SIZE,HSLASH(30),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,OLIST,TLIST,EVE(30),
00200      3IFL,DISJNT,U(200),NSEL(200),N(15),M(3),FORC(200),PREVC,
00220      5LAST,PREVC1,NFORC,PUT(100,2),NEXT1,NEXT20,FP(100),MAXSTR,
00240      4DIMTOT,NCT,NDIM,MAX1,NOSEC,C1,NC2,IB,NC1,USE1,RAND,DUMMY
00400      ACCEPT 510,N
00500      510  FORMAT(15A1)
00600      DO 530 I=1,15
00700      IF(N(I).EQ.' ')GO TO 530
00800      IF(N(I).EQ.'+')GO TO 530
00900      IF(NUM.GT.0.AND.N(I).EQ.'-')GO TO 590
01100      IF(N(I).GT.'9')GO TO 590
01200      IF(N(I).LT.'0')GO TO 590
01500      530  CONTINUE
01600      ENCODE(15,510,M)(N(I),I=1,15)
01700      RETURN
01800      590  M(I)='E '
01900      RETURN
02000      END

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05800      SUBROUTINE AQ
05900      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
05940      COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),
05980      1TAU,FREE,TQ,SEC(200),F1(100),F2(100),FQ(100),EVENT(100,30),
06020      2SIZE,HSLASH(30),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,OLIST,TLIST,EVE(30),
06060      3IFL,DISJNT,U(200),NSEL(200),N(15),M(3),FORC(200),PREVC,
06100      5LAST,PREVC1,NFORC,PUT(100,2),NEXT1,NEXT20,FP(100),MAXSTR,
06140      4DIMTOT,NCT,NDIM,MAX1,NOSEC,C1,NC2,IB,NC1,USE1,RAND,DUMMY
06400      INTEGER DIM,QLQ,SPTR,PTR,MARK,FREE,F1,F2,FQ,FP,SIZE,HSLASH
06500      1,P,Q,R,S,T,TS,TLIST,GLIST,OLIST,CST,COST,SEC
06600      INTEGER CF,E2,E1,E2P,DELTA,CONT,TAU
06700      REAL RAN
06750      DISJNT=1
06800      SIZE=200

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16900      61      DO 60 I=1,SIZE
07000      60      PTR(I)=I+1
07100      PHASE=1
17200      FREE=1
17300      PTR(SIZE)=0
17400      CALL ALLOC(GLIST)
07500      CALL ALLOC(TLIST)
07600      DO 48 I=1,USE1
17700      FP(I)=F1(I)
17800      48      FQ(I)=F1(I)
07900      49      DELTA=0
08000      DO 50 I=1,USE1
18100      IF(400*PHASE+FP(I).EQ.400)GO TO 50
18200      IF(400*PHASE+FQ(I).EQ.800)GO TO 50
18300      DELTA=DELTA+1
08400      E2P=1
08500      OLIST=0
18600      E1=F1(I)
18700      33      J=RAN(J)*NCT+1
08800      C      TYPE 1141,J
08900      1141  FORMAT(' NEXT RANDOM EVENT IS ',I4)
19000      READ(1#J)IC,EVE
09100      IF(IC.EQ.C1)GO TO 33
19200      18      IDIM=1
09300      C      TYPE 114,E2P
09400      CALL ALLOC(TS)
09500      19      DIM(TS)=IDIM
09600      XLB(TS)=0.000
09700      UB(TS)=10000
09800      IF(EVE(IDIM)*EVENT(E1,IDIM).EQ.0)GO TO 23
09900      IF(EVENT(E1,IDIM)-EVE(IDIM))20,21,22
10000      21      IDIM=IDIM+1
10100      IF(IDIM-NDIM)19,19,24
10200      20      UB(TS)=EVE(IDIM)-1
10300      GO TO 23
10400      22      XLB(TS)=EVE(IDIM)+1
10500      23      CALL COPY(TS,T)
10600      Q=OLIST
10700      IF(Q.EQ.0)GO TO 16
10800      11      IF(IABS(DIM(T)-DIM(Q))+IABS(XLB(T)-XLB(Q))+IABS(UB(T)-UB(Q))+SPT
10900      1Q).EQ.0)GO TO 16
11000      Q=PTR(Q)
11100      IF(Q.NE.0)GO TO 11
11200      Q=OLIST
11300      10      R=Q
11400      T=0

11500      CALL COPY(TS,TQ)
11600      FLG=0
11700      12      CALL COPY(R,S)
11800      IF(DIM(TS).EQ.DIM(R))GO TO 13
11900      14      SPTR(S)=T
12000      T=S
12100      R=SPTR(R)
12200      IF(R.NE.0)GO TO 12
12300      IF(FLG.EQ.0)SPTR(TQ)=T
12400      IF(FLG.EQ.0)T=TQ
12500      COST(T)=CF(T)
12600      CALL INSERT(T,GLIST)
12700      15      Q=PTR(Q)
12800      IF(Q)10,21,10
12900      13      XLB(S)=XMAX(XLB(TS),XLB(R))
13000      FLG=1
13100      UB(S)=XMIN(UB(TS),UB(R))
13200      IF(XLB(S)-UB(S))14,14,15
13300      16      COST(T)=CF(T)
13400      CALL INSERT(T,GLIST)

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13500      GO TO 21
13600      24      OLIST=PTR(GLIST)
13700      25      E2P=E2P+1
13800      114     FORMAT(' NEXT E2 IS',I4)
13900      PTR(GLIST)=0
14000      IF(OLIST.EQ.0)GOTO 56
14100      IF(E2P.GT.NC2)GO TO 47
14200      34      J=J+1
14300      READ(I#J)IC,EVE
14400      IF(IC.EQ.C1)GO TO 34
14500      IF(CONT(0,OLIST,0))25,25,18
14600      47      CMAX=COST(OLIST)
14700      P=OLIST
14800      65      IF(COST(P)+NDIM.GT.CMAX)GO TO 63
14900      PTR(Q)=0
15000      GO TO 64
15100      63      Q=P
15200      P=PTR(P)
15300      IF(P.NE.0)GO TO 65
15400      64      JJ=OLIST
15500      IF(PTR(OLIST).NE.0)JJ=OLQ(OLIST)
15600      C      CALL PRT(JJ)
15700      DO 51 J=1,USE1
15800      IF(EQ(J),EQ.0) GO TO 51
15900      IF(CONT(FQ(J),JJ,1).NE.1) GO TO 52
16000      55      FQ(J)=0
16100      FP(J)=0
16200      GO TO 51
16300      52      IF(FP(J).EQ.0) GO TO 51
16400      IF(CONT(FP(J),OLIST,0).EQ.1)FP(J)=0
16500      51      CONTINUE
16600      PTR(JJ)=0
16700      CALL INSERT(JJ,TLIST)
16800      C      TYPE 116
16900      C      ACCEPT 117 ,A
17000      C      IF(A.NE.'Y')RETURN
17100      116     FORMAT(' CONTINUE?')
17200      117     FORMAT(A1)
17300      50      CONTINUE
17400      PHASE=PHASE+1

17500      IF(PHASE.EQ.2) GO TO 49
17600      C      TYPE 102,DELTA
17700      102     FORMAT(' DELTA=',I3)
17800      RETURN
17900      56      DISJNT=0
18000      RETURN
18300      END
18400      SUBROUTINE PRT(R)
18500      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
18550      COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UR(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),
18600      ITAU,FREE,TQ,SEC(200),F1(100),F2(100),FQ(100),EVENT(100,30),
18650      2SIZE,HSLASH(30),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,OLIST,TLIST,EVE(30),
18700      3IFL,DISJNT,U(200),NSEL(200),N(15),M(3),FORC(200),PREVC,
18750      SLAST,PREVC1,NFORC,PUT(100,2),NEXT1,NEXT20,FP(100),MAXSTR,
18800      4DINTOT,NCT,NDIM,MAX1,NOSEC,C1,NC2,18,NC1,USE1,RAND,DUMMY
19000      INTEGER DIM,SPTR,PTR,MARK,FREE,F1,F2,FQ,FP,SIZE,HSLASH
19100      I,P,Q,R,S,T,TS,TLIST,GLIST,OLIST,CST,COST,SEC
19200      INTEGER A(200)
19300      DATA X/'X'/
19400      K=0
19500      P=R
19600      IF(P.EQ.0) RETURN
19700      4      Q=P
19800      TYPE 101,COST(P)
19900      I=1
20000      102     FORMAT(I3,2I7)

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20100      5      A(I)=X
20200      A(I+1)=DIM(Q)
20300      A(I+2)=XLB(Q)
20400      A(I+3)=UB(Q)
20500      I=I+4
20600      WRITE(21,102)DIM(Q),XLB(Q),UB(Q)
20700      Q=SPTR(Q)
20800      IF(Q.NE.0)GO TO 5
20900      I=I-1
21000      TYPE 100,(A(J),J=1,I)
21100      P=PTR(P)
21200      0      IF(P.NE.0) GO TO 4
21300      101    FORMAT(' WEIGHT OF THIS TERM ',I10)
21400      100    FORMAT(3(' ',A1,I3,'=' ,I7,' ':',I7,' '))
21500      WRITE(21,102)K
21600      RETURN
21700      END
21800      INTEGER FUNCTION CF(R)
21900      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
21950      COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),
22000      1TAU,FREE,TQ,SEC(200),F1(100),F2(100),FQ(100),EVENT(100,30),
22050      2SIZE,HSLASH(30),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,OLIST,TLIST,EVE(30),
22100      3IFL,DISJNT,U(200),NSEL(200),N(15),M(3),FORC(200),PREVC,
22150      5LAST,PREVC1,NFORC,PUT(100,2),NEXT1,NEXT20,FP(100),MAXSTR,
22200      4DIMTOT,NCT,NDIM,MAX1,NOSEC,C1,NC2,IB,NC1,USE1,RAND,DUMMY
22400      INTEGER DIM,SPTR,PTR,MARK,FREE,F1,F2,FQ,FP,SIZE,HSLASH
22500      1,P,Q,R,S,T,TS,TLIST,GLIST,OLIST,CST,COST,SEC,E1
22600      CF=0
22700      SEC(R)=0
22800      DO 1 I=1,USE1
22900      E1=F1(I)
23000      IF(E1.EQ.0) GO TO 1
23100      IF(FQ(I).EQ.0.AND.NOSEC.EQ.1)GO TO 1
23200      P=R

23300      2      KK=DIM(P)
23400      IF(EVENT(E1,KK).EQ.0)GO TO 14
23500      IF(XLB(P).GT.EVENT(E1,KK)) GOTO 1
23600      IF(UB(P).LT.EVENT(E1,KK)) GO TO 1
23700      14     P=SPTR(P)
23800      IF(P.NE.0)GO TO 2
23900      SEC(R)=SEC(R)+NDIM
24000      IF(EQ(I).NE.0)CF=CF+NDIM
24100      1      CONTINUE
24200      P=R
24300      4      CF=CF-1
24400      P=SPTR(P)
24500      IF(P.NE.0) GO TO 4
24600      RETURN
24700      END
24800      SUBROUTINE COPY(S1,D)
24900      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
24950      COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),
25000      1TAU,FREE,TQ,SEC(200),F1(100),F2(100),FQ(100),EVENT(100,30),
25050      2SIZE,HSLASH(30),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,OLIST,TLIST,EVE(30),
25100      3IFL,DISJNT,U(200),NSEL(200),N(15),M(3),FORC(200),PREVC,
25150      5LAST,PREVC1,NFORC,PUT(100,2),NEXT1,NEXT20,FP(100),MAXSTR,
25200      4DIMTOT,NCT,NDIM,MAX1,NOSEC,C1,NC2,IB,NC1,USE1,RAND,DUMMY
25400      INTEGER DIM,SPTR,PTR,MARK,FREE,F1,F2,FQ,FP,SIZE,HSLASH
25500      1,P,Q,R,S,T,TS,TLIST,GLIST,OLIST,CST,COST,SEC
25600      INTEGER D,S1
25700      CALL ALLOC(D)
25800      DIM(D)=DIM(S1)
25900      XLB(D)=XLB(S1)
26000      UB(D)=UB(S1)
26100      RETURN
26200      END

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26300      SUBROUTINE ALLOC(F)
26400      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
26450      COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),
26500      1TAU,FREE,TQ,SEC(200),F1(100),F2(100),FQ(100),EVENT(100,30),
26550      2SIZE,HSLASH(30),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,OLIST,TLIST,EVE(30),
26600      3IFL,DISJNT,U(200),NSEL(200),N(15),M(3),FORC(200),PREVC,
26650      5LAST,PREVC1,NFORC,PUT(100,2),NEXT1,NEXT20,FP(100),MAXSTR,
26700      4DIMTOT,NCT,NDIM,MAX1,NOSEC,C1,NC2,IB,NC1,USE1,RAND,DUMMY
26900      INTEGER DIM,SPTR,PTR,MARK,FREE,F1,F2,FQ,FP,SIZE,HSLASH
27000      1,P,Q,R,S,T,TS,TLIST,GLIST,OLIST,CST,COST,SEC
27100      INTEGER F,A(6)
27200      F=FREE
27300      FREE=PTR(FREE)
27400      SPTR(F)=0
27500      PTR(F)=0
27600      IF(PTR(FREE).NE.0)RETURN
27700      REF=REF+1
27800      DO 1 I=1,SIZE
27900      1      MARK(I)=0
28000      MARK(F)=1
28100      A(1)=OLIST
28200      A(2)=TLIST
28300      A(3)=GLIST
28400      A(4)=TS
28500      A(5)=T
28600      A(6)=TQ
28700      DO 10 I=1,6
28800      R=A(I)

28900      IF(P.EQ.0)GO TO 10
29000      3      Q=P
29100      2      IF (MARK(Q).EQ.1) GO TO 4
29200      MARK(Q)=1
29300      Q=SPTR(Q)
29400      IF(Q.NE.0) GO TO 2
29500      4      P=PTR(P)
29600      IF(P.NE.0)GO TO 3
29700      10      CONTINUE
29800      J=0
29900      DO 11 I=1,SIZE
30000      IF(MARK(I).EQ.1) GO TO 11
30100      PTR(I)=FREE
30200      FREE=I
30300      J=J+1
30400      11      CONTINUE
30500      IF(J.LT..1*SIZE)TYPE 100
30600      RETURN
30700      100      FORMAT(' USING 90% OF SPACE')
30800      END
30900      INTEGER FUNCTION COVER(S,R)
31000      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
31050      COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),
31100      1TAU,FREE,TQ,SEC(200),F1(100),F2(100),FQ(100),EVENT(100,30),
31150      2SIZE,HSLASH(30),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,OLIST,TLIST,EVE(30),
31200      3IFL,DISJNT,U(200),NSEL(200),N(15),M(3),FORC(200),PREVC,
31250      5LAST,PREVC1,NFORC,PUT(100,2),NEXT1,NEXT20,FP(100),MAXSTR,
31300      4DIMTOT,NCT,NDIM,MAX1,NOSEC,C1,NC2,IB,NC1,USE1,RAND,DUMMY
31500      INTEGER DIM,SPTR,PTR,MARK,FREE,F1,F2,FQ,FP,SIZE,HSLASH
31600      1,P,Q,R,S,T,TS,TLIST,GLIST,OLIST,CST,COST,SEC
31700      COVER=0
31800      P=S
31900      3      Q=R
32000      1      IF(DIM(P).EQ.DIM(Q)) GO TO 2
32100      Q=SPTR(Q)
32200      IF(Q.NE.0) GO TO 1
32300      RETURN
32400      2      IF(XLB(P).GT.XLB(Q))RETURN

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32500      IF(UB(P).LT.UB(Q))RETURN
32600      P=SPTR(P)
32700      IF(P.NE.0)GO TO 3
32800      COVER=1
32900      RETURN
33000      END
33100      INTEGER FUNCTION CONT(E,LIST,FLAG)
33200      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
33250      COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),
33300      1TAU,FREE,TQ,SEC(200),F1(100),F2(100),FQ(100),EVENT(100,30),
33350      2SIZE,HSLASH(30),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,QLIST,TLIST,EVE(30),
33400      3IFL,DISJNT,U(200),NSEL(200),N(15),M(3),FORC(200),PREVC,
33450      5LAST,PREVC1,NFORC,PUT(100,2),NEXT1,NEXT20,FP(100),MAXSTR,
33500      4DINTOT,NCT,NDIM,MAX1,NOSEC,C1,NC2,IB,NC1,USE1,RAND,DUMMY
33700      INTEGER DIM,SPTR,PTR,MARK,FREE,F1,F2,FQ,FP,SIZE,HSLASH
33800      1,P,Q,R,S,T,TS,TLIST,GLIST,QLIST,CST,COST,SEC
33900      INTEGER E,FLAG
34000      CONT=0
34100      P=LIST
34200      Q=P
34300      3      IF(E.NE.0)XT=EVENT(E,DIM(Q))
34400      2      IF(E.EQ.0)XT=EVE(DIM(Q))

34500      IF(XT.EQ.0)GO TO 12
34600      IF(XT.LT.XLB(Q)) GO TO 1
34700      IF(XT.GT.UB(Q)) GO TO 1
34800      12      Q=SPTR(Q)
34900      IF(Q.NE.0) GO TO 2
35000      CONT=1
35100      RETURN
35200      1      IF(FLAG.EQ.1)RETURN
35300      P=PTR(P)
35400      IF(P.NE.0)GO TO 3
35500      RETURN
35600      END
35700      SUBROUTINE INSERT(Q,LIST)
35800      IMPLICIT INTEGER (A-Z)
35850      COMMON DIM(200),XLB(200),UB(200),SPTR(200),PTR(200),MARK(200),
35900      1TAU,FREE,TQ,SEC(200),F1(100),F2(100),FQ(100),EVENT(100,30),
35950      2SIZE,HSLASH(30),COST(200),T,TS,GLIST,QLIST,TLIST,EVE(30),
36000      3IFL,DISJNT,U(200),NSEL(200),N(15),M(3),FORC(200),PREVC,
36050      5LAST,PREVC1,NFORC,PUT(100,2),NEXT1,NEXT20,FP(100),MAXSTR,
36100      4DINTOT,NCT,NDIM,MAX1,NOSEC,C1,NC2,IB,NC1,USE1,RAND,DUMMY
36300      INTEGER DIM,SPTR,PTR,MARK,FREE,F1,F2,FQ,FP,SIZE,HSLASH
36400      1,P,Q,R,S,T,TS,TLIST,GLIST,QLIST,CST,COST,SEC
36500      INTEGER BP,COVER
36600      IF(XLB(Q).EQ.0.AND.UB(Q).EQ.10000)RETURN
36700      K=0
36800      IF(Q.EQ.0)RETURN
36900      J=LIST
37000      P=J
37100      1      BP=P
37200      P=PTR(P)
37300      IF(P.EQ.0)GO TO 5
37400      IF(COST(Q)-COST(P))2,3,4
37500      2      J=BP
37600      IF(COVER(P,Q))1,1,6
37700      3      IF(COVER(P,Q).EQ.1)GO TO 6
37800      IF(COVER(Q,P).NE.1)GO TO 1
37900      7      PTR(BP)=PTR(P)
38000      P=BP
38100      GO TO 1
38200      4      IF(COVER(Q,P))1,1,7
38300      5      P=LIST
38400      9      BP=P
38500      P=PTR(P)
38600      IF(P.EQ.0)GO TO 10

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